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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXV.--NO. 98. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,114

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Fayetteville has quarantined against all smallpox infected districts. —— Thos. F. Ryan appealed from Judge Purnell's decision in the injunction case against the S. A. L. —— Tobacco growers' convention meets to-day in Raleigh. —— Part of the business section of Dawson, in the Klondike, destroyed by fire; loss over half a million; the temperature was 40 degrees below zero. —— General Joe Wheeler will leave Manila this week for the United States. —— The Senate ratified the Samoan treaty. —— Ex Congressman D. G. Colson shot and killed three men and wounded a fourth in the Capitol Hotel at Frankfort, Ky.; the result of a feud. —— In a fight between soldiers and saloon men at Phœbus, Va., one of the soldiers was killed. —— J. W. Murphy, cashier of the Third National Bank of Columbus, Ga., shot and killed P. T. Sheetz, the teller of the bank, and then committed suicide; insanity is alleged. —— The Raleigh, N. C., Chamber of Commerce will invite members of the General Assembly, at the meeting in June, to be the guests of the people of the city. —— New York markets: Money on call to-day steady at 3@4 per cent., the last loan being at 3 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 7¾c; flour weak and lower, in sympathy with wheat; wheat—spot easier; No. 2 red 73¼c; corn—spot easy; No. 2 41c; oats—spot dull; No. 2 29½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 16.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 45 degrees; 8 P. M., 55 degrees; maximum, 68 degrees; minimum, 45 degrees; mean, 56 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.01 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 21.3 feet and rising.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—For North Carolina—Fair Wednesday; increasing cloudiness Thursday; light southeasterly winds.

Port Almanac—Jan. 17.

Sun Rises	7.08 A. M.
Sun Sets	5 13 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 05 M.
High Water at Southport.	8 51 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington.	11.21 A. M.

It is said that Lord Roberts, who has been sent to do the Boers up, is afraid of cats. When the Boers hear this they will turn all their cats loose on him.

It is said that the pension bills now before Congress would, if passed, add $500,000,000 a year to the pensions payments. But what do the pension boosters care for that?

It is said that Russia is moving toward Herat, and that she has about 250,000 men peeping over the Persian border. Great Britain may be somewhat concerned here at.

Charles Algernon Parsons, the inventor of the steam turbine which is performing such marvellous feats in driving vessels, is an Irishman, son of the late Earl of Rosse, the builder of the Rosse telescope.

It is denied that General Joubert's men have been firing shells loaded with plum pudding into Ladysmith. After Joubert's protesting against the British firing lydenite there could be no excuse for this.

Chicago has one citizen who is thoroughly enjoying himself. His name is S. B. Chapin. Thirty-five years ago his father failed and died heavily in debt. His son is now paying off these debts, and says it gives him much pleasure. He has already paid more than $50,000.

A committee of five is to be appointed by the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives to define the phrase "United States." There wasn't much trouble in defining that until we got to projecting with McKinley expansion, and hitching on so much outlying territory. Now it is somewhat mixed.

The English, who raised such a howl about the Boers ignoring the requirements of civilized warfare, are now going to use a lot of dumdum bullets which they had stored away because they are running short of other kinds. The dumdum makes a ragged wound, and is said to be twice as deadly as other bullets.

Sir Wm. Crookes, of England, who has been investigating the bread problem for the future, has come to the conclusion that "in some future time not far distant, no available wheat land will be left." Then the best thing he can do is to get about educating the Britons up to the true inwardness of American corn, which is better than wheat, if they only knew it.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Contractor Lane has already begun work on the Custom House improvement.

— The National Banks advertise that they will close Friday in honor of Lee's birthday.

— The Clyde steamship *Saginaw* sailed for Georgetown yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

— The Second Regiment Band had a rehearsal last night and will have another to-morrow night. All members are urged to attend.

— The government warehouse at the foot of Princess street will be covered on all four sides with sheet-iron, in conformity to the city fire ordinance.

— A "mad cat" that "foamed at the mouth," was killed by a policeman yesterday. Now let us have an ordinance requiring all cats "running at large" to be muzzled.

— The annual meeting of the Associated Charities will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend.

— The British schooner *Wanola*, Capt. Wagner, arrived light yesterday morning from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, and will load with lumber at the Chadbourn Lumber Company's plant.

— The first "straight" car-load of clams shipped from Wilmington this season went forward yesterday from Messrs. Brooks and Taylor, consigned to H. Barlew & Co., of New York.

— Schooner *Harold J. McCarty*, Capt. Flynn, which was loaded by the Chadbourn Lumber Company with 264,787 feet of yellow pine lumber and 20,000 shingles, was cleared yesterday afternoon by Messrs. George Harriss, Son & Co., for Cape Hayti.

— At the Delgado Cotton Mills yesterday the machinery was being "limbered up" again and sounded like business. On the first floor the machinery generally was going, and on the second floor a whole row of looms were in motion. They ran like a top.

— All the river steamboats except the *Driver* were in port yesterday, and cleared in the afternoon and evening for the return trips—the *Hurt*, to Fayetteville, and the *Hawes* and *A. J. Johnson* to Clear Run. The *Seabright* cleared at 2 o'clock this morning for Little River, S. C.

— Oscar Watson and C. T. Croom, both well known young white men of the city, got into an altercation yesterday afternoon, in which it is alleged that Watson drew a pistol on Croom and threatened him. Croom, it is said, defended himself with a lead pipe. The case will be heard in the police court this morning.

— George Lewis, the negro arraigned yesterday before Justice Fowler, charged with the larceny of sausage casings from Messrs. J. F. Garrell & Co., established his innocence and was released. Wm. Bell, colored, was also adjudged not guilty in the peace warrant matter, but was taxed up with the costs in a case against him for assault and disorderly conduct.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

National Banks—Holiday.
Cumming—Will close Friday.
Opera House—"Side-Tracked."
A. Shrier—Shirts and neckwear.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Just received.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Steamer Crœsus—Leaves at 10 A. M.

PHENOMENAL TAX COLLECTIONS.

Sheriff Has 94 Per Cent. of County Real and Personal Property Funds.

Sheriff MacRae is making a record breaker this year in the matter of collecting real and personal property taxes. The figures up to the present date are a little over $77,000, out of the entire amount of approximately $83,000. The per cent. of the taxes collested thus far is 94 per cent., which for the time of year has never been precedented. The sheriff will make his sale of advertised property, beginning next Monday, and continuing from day to day until the list is exhausted. After the sale is made, the settlement with the State Treasurer will take place.

The sheriff has been equally as successful with the Schedule B tax collections, and from January 1st last year to the present date $28,859.14 has been received from this source. Of this amount the county receives $21,353.90 and the State $7,505.24.

Conference of Ministers.

Presiding Elder R. F. Bumpass, of the Wilmington district, has issued a call for a conference of the Methodist ministers under his charge to be held in this city at a place to be designated later, on next Wednesday, January 24th, at 3 o'clock P. M. The object of the meeting is for a discussion of the "Twentieth Century Movement," looking to a great educational advancement and the consideration of plans for raising money for the missionary cause.

The Smallpox at Hamlet.

The STAR yesterday published the news of the quarantine placed by Maxton and Laurinburg against Hamlet on account of the smallpox cases there. It was learned yesterday that there are seven cases of the contagion at Hamlet and several others who are quite sick and doubtless have the same disease. The patients are all negroes and employes on the material train, which is side-tracked there.

ANNUAL MEETING OF CAROLINA INSURANCE CO.

Board of Directors Re-elected—Splendid Showing During Twelve Years of Business.

The annual meeting of the Carolina Insurance Company, of Wilmington, was held yesterday at noon at the company's building on Princess street between Front and Water streets.

On motion, Mr. B. F. Hall was called to the chair and Mr. M. S. Willard was made secretary.

Messrs. H. L. Vollers and M. S. Willard were appointed a committee to ascertain the amount of shares represented. They reported that out of 5,000 shares there were represented in person 2,250 shares and 350 by proxy—2,600 shares.

A quorum being in attendance, the business was proceeded with.

The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and approved, after which the president, Mr. D. L. Gore, made a verbal report, showing a satisfactory condition of the company.

Mr. M. S. Willard, the secretary, submitted a printed statement, showing the operations of the company for the twelve years of its existence. The capital stock of the company is $50,000, the net surplus $13,689.02, and the reinsurance reserve $9,743. Among the assets of the company are the following items: United States 3 per cent. bonds, $3,000; North Carolina 4 per cent. bonds, $11,760; Masonic Temple first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, $5,000; loans on first mortgage on real estate, $38,700; loans as collateral, $3,976.25; real estate owned by the company, $5,000. The total assets, including other items beside those mentioned, foot up $74,700.84. Among the receipts and disbursements during the past year were the following: receipts from premiums, $13,820.18; paid out for fire losses $4,931.59; paid out for commissions $3 548.89; paid out for dividends, $3,045.30. The total receipts from all sources during 1899 amounetd to $35,111.90. Since the organization of the company the following items appear among the receipts: From premiums, $111,418.44; from interest, $32,160.70. During the twelve years the following disbursements were made: For losses, $55,526.76; for commissions and expenses, $37,043.07; for dividends, $33,999.90; for stock and bonds, $19,760; for real estate, $6,559.75; for loans, $43,676.25.

After the report of the officers, the incumbent board of directors was re-elected as follows: D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. Solomon, H. L. Vollers, Donald MacRae, H. C. McQueen and Clayton Giles.

The board of directors will meet to-day to elect a president and a secretary, and to transact other business.

IMPROVING HOLLY SHELTER ROAD.

Twenty-eight of the County Convicts Are Engaged in This Work.

Superintendent M. G. Chadwick, of the County Home, was in the city yesterday. He says the convicts now in the stockade are for the most part regularly employed on the county roads under the general supervision of Capt. Barry according to the agreement entered into by the county and himself at the beginning of the fiscal year. All the work thus far has been done on the Holly Shelter road or Castle Haynes road and about five miles of the same have been greatly improved. Twenty-eight out of the thirty-four convicts are employed as actual laborers and the other six are engaged in doing the cooking, washing, etc., for the force.

The work has been completed as far out as the "five-mile post" and an excellent roadbed has been made of the rock and other material available along the way. Mr. Chadwick says the need of a portable stockade, such as is in use in Mecklenburg and other counties, is now apparent. The convicts have to be brought to and from the work each day from the regular stockade, which is now about five miles from the point on the road at which they are at work.

Howard Relief F. E. Co.

At the last regular meeting of the Howard Relief Fire Engine Company, the following officers were installed for the year 1900. Mr. T. Donlan acted as the installing officer, he being the oldest member now living, having joined the company in 1858:

President—M. Rathjen.
Vice President—J. W. Duls.
Sec. and Treas.—J. G. L. Gieschen.
Foreman—M. Schnibben.
First Assistant Foreman—H. T. Duls.
Second Assistant Foreman—H. Burfeindt.

After the installation Mr. Rathjen made an address in his usual happy style and invited the members to a lunch prepared by the newly elected officers.

Visit from the Past Dictator.

Mr. D. B. Gally, of Tennessee, Past Grand Dictator, Knights of Honor, arrived in the city yesterday and by invitation last night visited Carolina Lodge No. 434. During the meeting he delivered a brief address, and for fifteen minutes greatly interested the Knights in attendance. His address was full of instruction and showed the order to be in a very flourishing condition throughout the United States. He is a very pleasing speaker, and left a fine impression on the lodge.

Mr. Gally will be in our city a few days on business.

U. C. Ellis for Cabinet Photographs at cost—$1.50 per dozen. †

STORES TO CLOSE FOR LEE'S BIRTHDAY.

Business Will Be Generally Suspended During the Celebration by Cape Fear Camp Next Friday Afternoon.

The indications are that business in the city will be generally suspended after 1 P. M. for the balance of the day next Friday on the occasion of the celebration of General Robert E. Lee's birthday by Cape Fear Camp No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, of this city.

In order to allow the veterans and the members of the Wilmington Light Infantry and the Naval Reserves to attend memorial exercises at the Opera House, the following firms on the wharf have signed an agreement to close their places of business:

Walker Taylor & Metts, Navassa Guano Co., Powers, Gibbs & Co., C. D. Maffitt, J. A. Springer & Co., C. C. Covington & Co., D. McEachern, Frank H. Stedman, Wilmington Brokerage Co., The Worth Co., Hall & Pearsall, Swift & Co., Armour Packing Co., McNair & Pearsall, Cooper & Cooper Co., H. R. Savage, Willard & Giles, Roger Moore, Jas. I. Metts, Home Brewing Co., Robt. N. Sweet, J. A. Taylor, M. J. Heyer, G. H. C. Heyer, The Jno. R. Turrentine Co., R. W. Hicks, J. C. Morrison, Jas. T. Riley & Co., B. F. Keith Co., J. H. Boatwright & Son, R. H. Pickett, E. Peschau & Co., Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., Williams Bros., B. F. Mitchell Co., Paterson, Downing & Co., Boney & Harper.

It was not possible for all the merchants to be seen, but others will be called on to-day. If there are some who may be missed, they are also requested to close their places of business.

The up-town merchants will be called on to-day to sign the agreement to close their places of business. It is hardly necessary to urge them to sign the agreement, as all are no doubt in sympathy with the object for which they are asked to close. Cape Fear Camp is desirous of having as large a parade as possible from the Wilmington Light Infantry Armory to the Opera House, and it is therefore necessary to have the business houses closed so the veterans and members of the Wilmington Light Infantry and Naval Reserves can attend.

Commander James I. Metts, of Cape Fear Camp, requests the STAR to say that the veterans of the surrounding country are invited and wanted to attend and join in the celebration. A long line of veterans is desired for the parade. Badges will be furnished for the lunch to be served in the City Hall after the exercises at the Opera House.

THEATRE OFFERINGS.

Augustin Daly's "Runaway Girl" This Evening and "Side Tracked" Friday—Extraordinary Offerings.

Augustin Daly's Musical Company, originally from Daly's Theatre, New York, will present for the first time in this city to-night the London and New York musical sensation of last season, entitled "A Runaway Girl." The story is extravagant and it hangs together solidly to its finish, serving its purpose in the suggestion of mirth, song and dance.

The company in its entirety is said to be a splendid one, including, as it does, James T. Powers, Marie Celeste, Van Rennsalaer Wheeler, Rachel Booth, Arthur Cunningham, Charles Ruthven Smith, Henry Stanley, Spottswood Aiken, Mae Baker, Jeannette Towler, George Lesoir, and, as is customary in all big musical organizations, there will be the usual plentitude of vivacious and pretty young ladies who dance gracefully and sing sweetly, and surrounded by a goodly number of handsome young men with good singing voices and a thorough knowledge of their use. This excellent ensemble of singers and comedians, will be framed in a series of superb stage settings, representing the seminary grounds of St. Pierre, Corsica; a hotel exterior at Ajaccio, and a plaza near the Grand Canal, Venice.

Of the leading principals of the company, it is said that Miss Ethel Jackson is fascinating in her arch, mock-modest way, and that she sings sweetly and therefore effectively, and also that Miss James T. Powers is incessantly making fun while on the stage and that she never misses fire. This musical success of the two great population centres of the world, London and New York, will be given here in all its entirety and perfection.

Side Tracked.

That sensational comedy "Side Tracked," with its scenic and mechanical effects, its bright and up-to date singing and dancing specialities, catchy music and mirth provoking situations, will be the attraction at the Opera House on Friday next. The leading figure in the play is a tramp, through whose persistent efforts a mysterious crime is finally cleared and the good rewarded and the guilty brought to justice. The cast contains such people as E. H. O'Connor, R. E. Vance, Gertrude Barnes, Marguerite Mayfield and Passie Lester. Sale of reserved seats begins to morrow morning at Gerken's.

The Cutter To Cruise.

Captain O. S. Willey, of the United States revenue cutter *Algonquin*, and Mrs. Willey, who went to Washington to attend the obsequies of Capt. Willey's venerable father, returned here yesterday morning.

The *Algonquin* which arrived here last Saturday to make this port her station, will leave on her first cruise next Monday. She will probably go as far south as Charleston. She will doubtless be back here by next Wednesday as the officers of the cutter anticipate attending the german of L'Arioso German Club that night.

U. C. Ellis for Cabinet Photographs at cost—$1.50 per dozen. †

POLICE WILL SECURE PATROL WAGON SERVICE.

Appropriation for This Purpose Allowed by City Board of Audit and Finance. Other Important Matters.

The most important action taken last night by the City Board of Audit and Finance was their concurrence in the appropriation by the Board of Aldermen of $350 for a patrol wagon. The need of such an auxiliary to the police department has long been apparent, and the news that there now stands nothing in the way of its immediate purchase will be received with gratification not only by the police but numerous citizens who are familiar with the service. The motion was unanimously adopted, and the police committee, it is presumed, will take the matter up at once and make the purchase.

Another important action of the board was concurrence in the resolution by the Aldermen rescinding its action in refusing to pay the Wilmington Street Railway for three months' lighting service, reference to which was made in the proceedings of the Aldermen in The STAR yesterday.

A bill for $10, presented by Col. Roger Moore for use of a lighter to transport a fire engine across the river upon the occasion of the recent fire opposite the foot of Market street, was disapproved upon the ground that the charge was excessive. It was expressed as an opinion that lighters can be rented per day at much less than half the amount asked for, when the lighter was used only nine hours.

The bill of Dr. Holden for professional services to John Piver, a street workman, who was injured in an accident while on duty several days ago, was allowed. The amount is $4.00.

Bills for current expenses were audited and approved to the amount of $1,532.98, after which an adjournment was taken.

At the meeting Mr. H. C. McQueen presided and Messrs. Risch, Wilder and Yates, members, were present. In the absence of Capt. Jno. Cowan, whom his numerous friends will regret to learn is again too unwell to be about his duties, Capt. C. H. White, assistant to the City Clerk and Treasurer, performed the duties of clerk. Adjournment was taken subject to call of the chairman.

ANNUAL MEETING LAST NIGHT.

Citizens' Building and Loan Association Held Session—Officers Elected.

The Citizens' Building and Loan Association, of Wilmington, met in its twelfth annual session last night in the Mayor's office at the City Hall. President W. H. Chadbourn presided and John D. Bellamy, Jr. Esq., kept a record of the proceedings.

A majority of the stock was represented either in person or by proxy and the usual routine business was taken up.

The old board of directors, consisting of Messrs. W. H. Chadbourn, W. A. Risch, Samuel Northrop, H. G. Smallbones, J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., J. W. Jackson, J. T. Riley, Tim Donlan, John McEntee, Marsden Bellamy, A. G. Hankins, W. W. Hodges and F. W. Ortmann, were re-elected.

After the meeting of stockholders the directors held a session at which Mr. W. H. Chadbourn was re elected president. Mr. H. G. Smallbones, vice president and Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Esq., secretary.

The association was organized September 24th, 1897, and has an authorized capital of $1,000,000. Annual financial statements of the business of the company for the year ending January 1st, 1900, were distributed to those present, duly approved by Messrs. George S. LeGrand and Walter Smallbones, comprising the Auditing Committee. The report is a very encouraging one.

Scavenger Contractors Elected.

For nearly a year the scavenger work of the city has been done by one contractor for the entire city, but under the plan recently adopted and again reaffirmed by the Board of Aldermen, the city has been divided into eight scavenger districts.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen last week, the scavenger matter was referred to the Board of Health so they could elect a contractor for each of the scavenger districts.

The Board of Health held a meeting yesterday afternoon and elected the following contractors:

District No. 1—W. H. H. Todd.
District No. 2—J. D. Stubbs.
District No. 3—J. A. Schroeder.
District No. 4—J. A. Schroeder, Jr.
District No. 5—George T. Bland.
District No. 6—Isaiah West.
District No. 7—S. Hill Terry.
District No. 8—W. L. West.

Fayetteville Quarantines.

A private message to the STAR last night from Fayetteville says that city yesterday placed a quarantine against all smallpox infected districts. Officers will be placed to guard all trains, and the most effective measures will be adopted against the possibility of an infection.

Crœsus Repaired.

The steamboat *Crœsus*, Capt. T. H. Hawkins, agent, has had a new propeller placed instead of the one lost about two weeks ago near Maultsby Point, on Black river, and she will be ready to proceed this morning from her wharf at 10 o'clock for another trip.

U. C. Ellis for Cabinet Photographs at cost—$1.50 per dozen. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. E. Warren, of Charlotte, is in the city.

— Mr. J. A. Morrisey, of Clinton, is a guest of The Orton.

— Mr. W. P. Jones, of Council's, is here on a business trip.

— Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catharine Lake, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. B. L. Wedenfeller, of Charlotte, is in the city on business.

— R. G. Grady, Esq., of Burgaw, spent yesterday in the city.

— Justice Geo. H. Bellamy was over from Brunswick yesterday.

— Mr. D. A. Culbreth, of Clinton, is here making business calls.

— The STAR regrets to note that Mr. Joshua G. Wright is quite ill.

— Mr. E. B. Walker, of Greensboro, came down to the city last night.

— Col. and Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, of Fayetteville, visited the city yesterday.

— Mr. Gus Eichberg, of Washington, N. C., is among the visitors in the city.

— The condition of Mr. Joseph C. Shepard, Jr., was more favorable yesterday.

— Mr. B. W. Cornelson, of Rocky Mount, was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Senator W. J. Davis, of Brunswick county, was a Wilmington visitor yesterday.

— Mr. F. B. Ludwig, a well known travelling man from New York, is registered at The Orton.

— Judge W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday on professional business.

— Among the visitors in the city yesterday were Messrs. J. E. Williams and J. A. Roberts of Chadbourn.

— Mrs. W. J. Crosswell and Miss Mary Crosswell left yesterday via the Seaboard Air Line for Mississippi.

— Ex-Sheriff James B. Smith, of Fayetteville, was here yesterday, shaking hands with his hosts of friends.

— Miss Carrie Hawley, of Fayetteville, is in the city on a visit, the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Bunting.

— Mr. C. G. Terry, one of the soliciting agents of the A. C. L., is reported quite sick at his home in this city.

— Messrs. F. M. Moore and A. M. Williams, of Phœnix, were among those who were over from Brunswick yesterday on business.

— At The Orton yesterday there were Messrs. J. F. Maloney, of Richmond, and J. W. Old, of Charlotte. Mr. G. R. LeRoy, of Norfolk, failed to answer to roll call.

— Col. C. S. McCall, and Mr. D. D. McColl, president of the Bank of Marlboro, two of the leading men of Bennettsville, S. C., came down to the city on business yesterday.

— Mr. Walter Holt, of Fayetteville, came down on the *Hurt* yesterday and will go down to the Orton plantation at the invitation of Col. K. M. Murchison to spend a week hunting.

— Capt. S. M. Holt, of the American barque *Mary Hasbranck*, who has been on a visit to his brother Mr. E. C. Holt, of Wilmington, went up to his old home at Burlington, N. C., yesterday.

Arrested In Petersburg.

Chief of Police Parmele yesterday received a letter from Chief Reuben F. Rayland, of Petersburg, Va., saying that he had arrested two negroes who gave the names of Frank Gray and Charles West. They claim to have been in Wilmington recently to see a woman named Dinah King, who lives on "Dry Pond." They had in their possession 5 pairs of shoes, 2 hats, 1 suit of clothes, 1 pair of pants and 2 overcoats—all new. The tag on the vest was lot number 3667 B, size 35, price mark "S. G. D." Chief Parmele knows nothing of them or of the goods in their possession.

Naval Reserves.

Wilmington Division Naval Reserves had a very satisfactory drill and an enthusiastic business meeting last night. It was thought at the business meeting that a definite decision would be made with regard to a proposed one-day trip on the *Hornet* out to sea next Sunday, but the plans assumed no definite shape. Lieutenants A. B. Skelding and H. M. Chase conducted the drill.

Diana Disabled.

A special to the STAR from Southport last night says: "The handsome naptha yacht *Diana*, from New Haven, Conn., bound for Florida, which put in yesterday for harbor, started to sea last night, but breaking her after puston rod and the head of her compound engine, she had to return. She will proceed to Wilmington to-morrow morning to make repairs."

Appointed Private Secretary.

Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy has appointed as his private secretary in Washington, Mr. Thos. W. Alexander, of Charlotte, and he has already entered upon the duties of the position. Mr. Alexander is a son of Aon. S. B. Alexander, so well known throughout the State, and is withal a very clever and capable young man.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

PAKIR WORKED PENDER WELL.

Photograph Agent Took Orders and Part Cash and Never Returned.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

POINT CASWELL, N. C., Jan. 16.—Some two months ago a man named Thomas came through this county professing to represent the "Southern Art League and Conservatory of Music, of Richmond, Va.," soliciting work in enlarging and framing photographs. His plan was to enlarge, frame and deliver for $1 50—advance fee of 50 cents and balance when picture was delivered. He worked this part of Pender well. Not hearing from his house, I wrote, but heard nothing. I then wrote the Chief of Police of Richmond. I enclose his reply, which says there is no such concern in Richmond.

It is too late to help our people, but a notice through your paper might save others from being swindled not only of their money but their photos.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HOLIDAY.

No business will be transacted by the Banks of this city Friday, January 19th.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,
THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
THE NATIONAL BANK OF WILMINGTON.
ja 17 1t

500 Barrels Seed Potatoes.

Seven years handling the same selected Seed from the most reliable seedsman in the Northwest has proven that no seed has surpassed them, and few equal ed. Our many customers will bear witness. Send us your orders.
Also manufacturer of Hoe Cake Soda. Prices guaranteed. B. F. KEITH CO.
ja 13 1m D&W Wilmington, N. C.

OPERA HOUSE

WEDNESDAY EVENING JANUARY 17.
The Brilliant Musical Sensation,
"A Runaway Girl,"
Presented by the Famous
Augustin Daly Musical Co.
65 Members 65
Including Mr James T Powers, from Daly's Theatre, N. Y. City.
Seats on sale Monday morning at Gerken's.
Prices, $1 50, $1 00, 75c and 25c.
ja 13 3t ea tu we

OPERA HOUSE.
Friday, Jan. 19th.
A. Q. Scammon's Co.
In the Deliciously Droll Comedy Drama
"SIDE TRACKED"
Full of Mirth and Merriment, Strong Situations and Sensational Effects.
Embracing a company of
CLEVER COMEDIANS
presenting the latest songs and dances. The creators of comedy, and the acknowledged leaders of all
Prices $1.00, 75 50 and 25 cents. ja 17 3t

My Office Will Be Closed

Friday afternoon, LEE'S BIRTHDAY; but I have several Nice Building Lots for sale Wednesday and Thursday all day, and Friday morning up to o'clock.

W. M. CUMMING,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
ja 17 1f AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Just received

FANCY ONE LB. PACKAGES
HALLOWEE DATES
10c per pound.
CLUSTER RAISINS
15c per pound.
FIGS
15c per pound.
FLORIDA ORANGES
30c per dozen.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
ja 17 1f 204 Princess street.

CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
House Furnishing Goods.....
Our Motto,
No Fancy Prices.
WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.
Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.
O. P. CAZAUX & CO.
ja 7 1f

SPEAKING ABOUT SWELL, SNAPPY, STYLISH
Shirts and Neckwear.
I have everything that the most fastidious could desire.
My Shoes are of proper shape and the kind that wear well.
A. Shrier, Men's Wear.
Bell 'Phone 565. ja 12 1f

RED RUST PROOF And WHITE SPRING OATS.
We are doing our best to please our friends.
FRESH GOODS, NICE STOCK and SMALL MARGIN.
Send us your Spirits, Tar, Cotton, Rosin, Poultry, Timber, Cattle, etc. Quick sales, prompt returns.
All orders filled the day received.
T. D. LOVE.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage. For rates apply to T. D. LOVE, ja 13 1f General Agent.

"Don't Swap Horses WHILE CROSSING THE STREAM."
There is solid sense in the above. It is better to keep safe on solid ground before trying something new and untried. For many years smokers have smoked the unmatchable.
"Cuban Blossom" Cigars.
We can't convince you unless you give this Fine Cigar a trial and then you will be convinced without doubt, and in future be a friend of this famous Cigar. This Cigar contains the choicest selected Havana, being mild and a pleasure to smoke.
We only sell our goods through dealers, as is well understood.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN, Manufacturers' Agents.
ja 9 1f

Holiday Goods.
Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts, Mixed Candy and Plain. Raisins of fine quality.

Selling at Low Prices.
We also have Seed Oats, Seed Wheat and a complete line of Heavy Groceries.
Lowest Prices for Quality.
The Worth Company.
dec 7 1f

Seasonable Goods.
MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.
A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.
Sole agents for Rob Roy FLOUR.
McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep 10 1f

FOR SALE. . . .
The Clarendon Plantation,
1,800 acres on the Cape Fear river, 2½ miles from Wilmington.
240
ACRES OF RICE LAND.
Has a good comfortable dwelling and several small houses for hands, a 40-HORSE POWER ENGINE with large Pumps, capable of pumping 20,000 GALLONS A MINUTE. Three large Warehouses.
All in good order, Is offered at a Bargain.
Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, ja 12 3t Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE.
Ten beautiful Upright Pianos in fancy cases.
Bargains for cash. Four good Square Pianos. One handsome Mathushak Baby Grand in Mahogany. All to be closed out
At Manufacturers' Cost
before removal to our new store, 109 Market street. Can save you from $50 to $100 during the holidays.
N. L. SMITH,
dec 28 1f 109 Dock street.

1900 JANUARY 1900

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
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MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon 1 8:52 a. m. | First Quarter 8 0:40 a. m. | Full Moon 15 2:07 p. m. | Third Quarter 23 6:53 p. m. | New Moon 30 8:22 p. m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 17.

MISDIRECTED LEGISLATION.

The Republican tariff framers have always professed to be the friends of American industries which they aimed to foster by protective duties. Without questioning their honesty or sincerity, (although these are very questionable) they have never shown any discriminating judgment in their tariff legislation, in the duties levied or as to the industries they encouraged or those that might be encouraged without oppressing other industries quite as important or more important than the pretected, or doing much harm ultimately by the overstimulation of the industries in which they professed so much interest.

As an illustration: take the tariff duties on paper, wood pulp and lumber. Every one who has given the subject any thought knows that the timber supplies of this country are being rapidly exhausted, so rapidly that it is estimated that the forests of white pine and other soft woods will be exhausted within the next two decades. One of the problems that is now engaging the serious attention of thousands of thinking men in this country is, how are our forests to be preserved? As one of the ways to replace the cut of the forests, tree-planting has been resorted to in many States and many thousands of trees have been planted. Many of the States have passed laws regulating the cutting of timber, prohibiting the cutting of trees within prescribed measurements; guarding against destruction by fires, &c., and all this time the Republican tariff makers were legislating to encourage the destruction of our forests.

The tariff on paper, which practically prohibited the importation of paper from other countries, stimulated the manufacture of paper in this country to meet the extraordinary demand for it. Nearly all of the common paper used these days is made of wood pulp; rags, linen, etc., being used only for the finer qualities. This caused an extraordinary demand for wood-pulp and this an extraordinary demand for woods suitable for pulp-making, requiring the cutting of millions of acres annually. With no protective tariff on wood or on wood-pulp the demand would have been largely supplied from Canada and other countries and the drain on our forests have been made correspondingly less. But to placate the paper makers and pulp makers and timber cutters from whom they expected campaign contributions they imposed these protective duties and thus became knowingly and deliberately accomplices in the destruction of our forests, which are of far more value to the country than all these protected industries combined.

We do not refer here to the value in money of the timber, for while that is an important consideration it does not compare with other considerations, for the future of agriculture depends very much on the preservation of our forests, the great regulators of temperature and of rainfalls, so that when to protect the lumber men, pulp makers and paper makers the tariff framers were legislating to encourage the destruction of our forests they were legislating also, perhaps without thinking of it, for the destruction of agriculture, the greatest of our industries, and for reducing the food supplies of future generations. This is a matter in which not only the people of the United States, but the people of the world are interested, for the world is now largely dependent on this country for its food supplies. Few, perhaps, of those tariff makers thought how far-reaching their protection might be, or how serious its consequences might be.

We have another illustration in the protection given to coal and iron. At present this country seems to have an inexhaustible supply of both; but it has not, with the annually increasing demand for both, an inexhaustible supply of either. England at one time thought she had an inexhaustible supply of both, but her thinking men are now anticipating the time when she will have neither. She is now importing both iron and coal, and the prices of both have advanced materially within the past few years and continue to advance.

With the world's increase of population, with its progress, and the multiplied uses of iron, being substituted for wood and other materials, the annual consumption has increased immensely, out of all proportion to the increase of population. The furnaces of this country produced last year about 13,500,000 tons of pig iron. As it takes over two tons of ore to make a ton of pig, it is estimated that it required about 40,000,000 tons of ore to make this amount of pig iron. This is within 3,000,000 tons of the amount of iron ore produced in the whole world in 1880. In 1880 the world produced 57,500,000 tons; in 1895 nearly 60,000,000 tons, and the estimate of the annual average for the next twenty years is 100,000,000 tons. This will give some idea of the increasing demand for iron and the drain it will make on the world's iron resources.

As this country now produces iron more cheaply than any other country and can, therefore, sell it more cheaply, it will increase the demand for American iron and hasten the exhaustion of our supplies. This may not come soon but it will come in time, and the true statesman looks to the future and legislates for that as well as for the present. Discussing this question the London *Trades Review* says:

"During the twenty eight years ended 1898 the world consumed 1,328,000,000 tons of iron ore, so far as can be ascertained. During the next twenty years it is probable that a further 2,000,000,000 tons of ore will be required, assuming an average annual supply of 100,000,000 tons, which is only 15,000,000 tons a year more than the present rate of consumption. That this is a conservative figure is borne out by the fact that the world's consumption of iron ore in the six years ended 1898 increased by fully 23,000,000 tons. None of this ore can be replaced. Once gone, it is gone forever."

Some may think that our iron supplies, because apparently so abundant now, can never be exhausted, as was once thought of our timber supplies. They can be exhausted, and unlike our timber "they cannot," as the *Trades Review* says, "be replaced." Neither can our coal supplies be replaced, and the world is drawing upon these as it is on our iron mines. But instead of aiding in the prevention of both the tariff makers have done all they could to hasten the exhaustion, as they have to encourage the destruction of our forests, by putting practically prohibitory duties on iron and coal to prevent their importation from other countries, which would if permitted reduce the drain on our own mines.

Common sense, if not consideration for posterity, should protest against this, but common sense never figured much in the framing of Republican tariffs, which are constructed on the prinoiple of helping the men who help them with the campaign contributions.

MORE COPPER DISCOVERIES.

Some time ago there was much talk and considerable excitement over phenomenal discoveries of copper in Rowan county, in the Gold Hill section, the discoveries embracing metallic copper, something never before found in this State. It was the metallic discoveries that probably aroused interest so much, for copper was an old thing in that county where the mines had been worked many years ago and worked somewhat extensively, worked more, however, for gold than for copper, the two minerals going together. We called attention to these discoveries and published extracts from the Salisbury and Charlotte papers in reference to them.

But there is excitement now over alleged great discoveries in another part of the State, even more than there was in Rowan county over the remarkable discoveries there. The following, which we find in the Raleigh *Post*, clipped from the New York *Times*, gives some idea of how the "natives" are stirred up over the discoveries of wealth they had been walking over all their lives.

"Great excitement prevails among the farmers of North Carolina, near the Virginia border, over the discovery of large deposits of copper ore.

"Louis N. White, of Colorado, for four years mining inspector in that State, is in the city after a visit to Virgilana, N. C., near where some of the ore beds have been found.

"'I was greatly surprised,' said Mr. White to a *Times* reporter yesterday. 'I had no idea there could be such rich copper fields in that part of the country. While there has been very little development, and the work has been of the most crude character, the results are astonishing.

"The farmers who have been raising corn and tobacco on the rocky land for 200 years have finally learned of the presence of the ore deposits. They are making investigations on their own account with negro labor, and the results have been such that one of the agriculturists refused $60,000 for a farm of 160 acres.

"Speculators are overrunning the country buying options right and left. The purchasers must treat directly with the owner of the land.

"I have been mining for years, and it would not surprise me if very remarkable results were soon forthcoming in the North Carolina copper fields."

Virgilana is a new town on the Virginia border near the dividing line between Person and Granville counties. Copper finds were made there several years ago and from time to time since, but it has been known for forty years or more that copper existed in that section, a fact that could not be well hidden, for in some localities it could be seen in the veins cropping out from the surface. But little attention, however, was given to it because the generally low price of copper didn't invite investment and consequently there was little done in the way of exploration or of testing the value of the veins visible.

This is simply a part of the great copper-bearing belt reaching across half a dozen or more counties and running in a southwest direction clear through the State from the Virginia to the Southern border. It is an extensive belt, embracing at least a third of the counties of the State in any one of which copper may be found in greater or less quantities. If the price of copper keeps up, of which there is every indication it will, this will become one of the great copper-producing regions of the world, for at the present price it will pay to erect machinery for crushing and desulphurizing ores of moderate richness.

SENATORIAL BULLDOZING.

There has been considerable disposition shown by expansion organs and speakers to bulldoze people who ventured to criticise their expansion programme, and such epithets as "Aguinaldo sympathizers," "traitors," "copperheads," etc., were flung at them right and left. Omitting Democrats of prominence, too numerous to mention, such respectable, old-time Republicans as Senator Hoar, ex-Senators Sherman, Edmunds and Boutwell, whose patriotism was never before called into question by their fellow partisans, suddenly found themselves characterized as "traitors," etc., because they contended that the constitution of the United States is not an antiquated document, that it has some binding force on men who have charge of public affairs, and that the Declaration of Independence is not a mere romance that has seen its day and is now only a reminiscence.

But they have carried the bulldozing from the editorial rooms and the hustings into the Senate of the United States, into that so-called dignified and deliberative body where one would least expect to find it. When Senator Beveridge, the effervescent declaimer from Indiana, delivered himself of his maiden effort he charged that the blood of the American soldiers killed in the Philippines was on the hands of the men in this country who have opposed the policy of forcible expansion and have given utterance to that opposition in Congress or elsewhere.

That kind of rot, which might pass without notice coming from a young ranter on the stump, was wholly out of place in the Senate of the United States, and totally inexcusable in a man talking as a United States Senator and speaking for the Administration. Simmered down what does it mean? Simply that the Senator or Representative who may differ from the administration must sit mute and offer no objection no matter what may be done and by silence permit if he does not approve, and that only those who approve of what is done shall have the liberty to speak. Would that be a representative body or simply a body to register the will of the Administration and vote the dollars and men it asked for?

Probably that is the view these bulldozers take of it, and that's the kind of a Congress they would have, a burlesque and a mockery, in which men calling themselves representatives of States or of the people would sit as mere automatons, to move as the wires were pulled by the masters whom they obeyed. And yet the men who would thus strangle freedom of speech in our highest deliberative assemblies have the unutterable gall to talk about carrying freedom to the people they are pursuing with shot and shell, and murdering in the name of civilization and Christianity.

The Audubon Society of Baltimore characterizes the wearing of birds and feathers on hats as a "relic of barbarism." Of course it is. The savage who dikes himself up in feathers and thinks he's a stunner may be excused because he doesn't know the value of the birds murdered for the feathers and he hasn't much of anything else to dike up in. Civilized people have no such excuse. But civilized people still hang on to a good many "relics of barbarism."

The latest from Gen. Buller was that he was making a flank movement on the Boers. Trying to get them on the hip, as it were.

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottle 10 cents at R. R BELLAMY'S drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, Pa., was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in the back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and I am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Saturday afternoon David Watkins, (Monk Julian) flagman at the A. C. L. passenger depot crossing, shot at, and, it is said, wounded in the arm, Sergeant Swinson who was making himself a nuisance on the company's property, and who, when ordered off, instead of obeying, used some very bad language.

— Salisbury *Sun*: Two young men were fooling with a razor and a pistol Sunday. One was playfully cutting at the other with the razor when the one with the pistol drew the weapon, unconsciously pulled the trigger, and—the unexpected happened. There will be no funeral. The bullet broke the skin on the young man's head and scorched the hair, but did no other damage except to the walls of the room.

— Danbury *Reporter*: Farmers say the recent cold weather froze the ground to the tips of the roots of wheat, and a good deal of the wheat sown late in the Fall is dead. —— Mr. —— Johnson, of Philadelphia, who has been here several days looking after asbestos, mica, graphite and other minerals, purchased from the Pepper Mining Company the large pile of scrap mica just in front of the Taylor Hotel. Mr. Johnson placed the mica in sacks and barrels and will ship it to Philadelphia. The pile turned out something over 40,000 pounds.

— Charlotte *News*: Tom Layden, a well known young man of Lexington, committed suicide Sunday night by shooting himself through the head. He was a great cigarette smoker, and showed signs of insanity, caused by excessive smoking four years ago. Later he recovered, and seemed to be fully restored. It is said that the cigarette habit again became firmly fixed on him, and again unbalanced his mind. Two months ago he lost his position as telegraph operator because his mind was again affected. He was the most inveterate cigarette smoker, never being without one of the "coffin tacks" in his mouth. He often stopped in the midst of a message to light a fresh cigarette.

—Newbern *Journal*: Saturday morning in the fire-room of Dayberry's Laundry, James Brooks, the fireman, was accidentally shot, probably fatally, by a colored man named Crooms, who hauls wood for the Gordon Lumber Company. Brooks, who is a white boy of 17 years, had a pistol which he offered to sell Crooms, and the latter while examining it, discharged the pistol, the ball striking Brooks about an inch under the left eye. Dr. Street reported Saturday night that Brooks was in a very serious condition, but was resting as well as could be expected. The colored man Crooms was arrested but soon released as it was shown to be an accident, Brooks saying the shooting was accidental. —— Saturday night, in Dinkins' bar room, two negroes, Hilliard Pollock and a negro known as "Buck," said to have come from Wilmington, got into a fight, in which Pollock was severely cut several times about the face and neck by a clasp knife in the hand of "Buck." "Buck" escaped and had not been caught at a late hour Saturday night.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The rumor that General Joe Wheeler may be nominated for the Vice Presidency by the Republicans shows him what he may expect unless he mends the error of his ways. —*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— Had Lord Methuen won the Modder River fight, he would have been hailed as a military genius. Now Englishmen unite in declaring him a lunatic. It was ever thus. Nothing succeeds like success.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—— The advocates of steamship subsidy have given their scheme in Congress the pleasant title of the "Shipping bill." Are they too much ashamed of this monster of a spoliation to call it by its own name?—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Continual hatred of England shows itself most conspicuously in her seasons of trouble, and is now quite flagrant. The most recent exciting cause, according to high Viennese authority, being her attitude towards the United States during the recent war with Spain.—*Brooklyn, N. Y., Citizen, Dem.*

—— That the American negro believes himself to be a superior being to all others except the English-speaking white man was illustrated in Pittsburg, Pa., the other day, where a number of negroes refused to ride on the trolly cars with Italian and other foreign working men. The negroes alleged that they were afraid of contracting illness from association with the foreigners.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— She—"Must you really go so soon." He—"My dear girl, I've been 'gone' ever since I met you."

— Where Possible. Quoter—"You can't eat your cake and have it." Dyspeptic—"The deuce you can't."—*Dife.*

—"That fellow Jawley is a broker, isn't he?" "Yes." "Has he got any money?" "Yes; he's got mine."—*Harlem Life.*

— "Do you believe all men are liars?" "No; but some men have more elastic vocabularies than others.—*Chicago Record.*

— Sunday School Teacher (in Chicago)—"Why did the Wise Men come from the East?" Bright Scholar—"Because they were wise men."

— Cautious: "You say the man stole your umbrella?" "Well, I don't want to be too sure about it. He may have been the original owner."—*Puck.*

— Hicks—"Huh! I don't see anything very hard about learning how to skate." Wicks—"Suppose you try it once. You may not see it, but you'll probably feel it."

— Those Religious Metaphors: "Only a little while ago she was claiming she had been born again, but now she is as cross and hateful as ever." "Well, perhaps, she is teething again, now."—*Puck.*

— She—"What we claim is that we ought to have a voice in the management of the affairs of this country." He—"Oh, I've no objection to that. I thought you wanted to vote."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— An Expressive Term: Mr. Pitt—"Why is heavy selling of stocks called liquidation, Mr. Penn?" Mr. Penn—"I think it must be because the process squeezes the water out of them."—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

— "This," said the guide, "is the grave of Adam!" Historic spot! With reverential awe, nay, with a feeling of deep thankfulness, the wealthy merchant tailor on his first trip to the Orient drew near and cast a flower on the tomb. "Erring ancestor," he murmured. "I should be the last man on earth to revile his memory! To your sin I owe my prosperity.—*Chicago Tribune.*

SELECTIONS

COLONY OF AMISHMEN.

A Queer Sect on Farms in Indiana With Homemade Laws.

A few miles northeast of Washington, Ind., is a fertile section of land owned and cultivated by a peculiar sect of people known as the Amish. Little is known of them except by the people living in the immediate vicinity of their settlement.

The Amish came to that county at an early date and bought rich farms for a nominal price. They have added greatly to their possessions until now this settlement takes up thousands of acres. Their peculiar manners and customs are interesting.

According to their religious beliefs, the Amish are not allowed to use buttons on their clothes. Instead of buttons, they use hooks and eyes. Their clothing is homespun, and they wear black slouch hats. All Amishmen let their hair grow long and fall over their shoulders. They never shave, not even when young men. They invariably drive fine, big horses. They prefer death rather than to swear in court. They are an economical sect of people and are great traders. They seldom pay cash for anything, but always insist on trading farm products and poultry for what they want.

Their settlement is divided up into farms of an equal number of acres. They adhere strictly to the code of laws handed down to them by their ancestors. One of these laws is to the effect that no Amishman in the settlement shall be entitled to more of the world's goods than his neighbor. Consequently the farms are about the same size and stocked equally. Another law says if one member of the settlement meets with misfortune his neighbors must go down in their pockets, pay his indebtedness and, if necessary, buy him a new farm and stock it.

The Amish originally came from a county in one of the eastern states. There are a few families still living in the east. Whenever a scion of one of the eastern families emigrates to the Indiana settlement he is immediately presented with a farm equal in size to those of his brethren. The Amish do not believe in courts—that is, they never settle any of their difficulties in the courts. All disputes and disagreements of every nature are taken up for settlement by a majority of the members of the settlement. It is, however, a rare occurrence that the least trouble arises among them. They are law-abiding, honest and truthful. They do not deposit their money in banks, but accumulate and hoard it in their homes. They raise all the farming products usually grown in this section of the country and are said to be the most successful poultry raisers in the United States.

Their everyday life is their religion. They speak the German language and no other. They are negligent about educating their children, and start them, boys and girls alike, to work in the fields when young. The women and girls never wear flashy colors, and long pants are put on the boys at the age of 2 and 3 years.

Several months ago a young Amishman conceived an idea to discard the hooks and eyes on his clothing, to shave his beard and to don a suit of store clothes. This he did and returned to his neighbors in the new garb. He was immediately ejected from the community. His farm was taken from him, as well as his stock and farm machinery, and he was given strict orders never again to put his foot on property owned by any member of the settlement. After several weeks he allowed his beard to grow to its former length, discarded his new clothes for the old and returned to his people. They finally received him and returned his property to him.

Another Amishman, while doing his trading in Washington, became struck with the idea of wheeling. He purchased a bicycle and went gleefully home, to show the machine to the members of his family. The old Amishmen of the settlement looked wise and called a mass meeting to decide whether or not it was proper for one of their number to ride upon such a contrivance as a bicycle. The verdict of the elder heads was against the young Amishman, and he was compelled to part with the wheel.—Chicago Tribune.

THE TURF REVIEW.

Guy, 2:12, trotted in 2:11 to wagon at Pittsburg the other day.

In the first heat of the 2:17 pace at Mount Gilead, O., Bessie Wilkes set a new track record of 2:14½.

In the first heat of the 2:23 pace at Lebanon, Ind., the other day Dispute lowered the track record a second, doing the mile in 2:15¼.

Greyling, a green brother of Caryla Carne, 2:11½, recently trotted second four heats at Portland, Or., all below 2:20, the fastest being in 2:17½.

Tom Wilkes, the chestnut stallion that Geers won the 2:17 pace with at Louisville in 2:11 and 2:13, never started in a race before. He is 4 years old.

Lord Vincent, 2:06¾, the Transylvania winner, wears only quarter boots forward and scalpers and pastern boots behind. He carries a light toe weight.

In the first heat of the free for all pace at Bellefontaine, O., Effie Powers lowered the track record from 2:13¼ to 2:11½ and was then distanced in the next heat.

In addition to paying $17,000 for Boralma and a fancy price for a 2-year-old by Boreal, 2:15¾, T. W. Lawson of Boston has also taken an option on the sensational 2-year-old Eudow, 2:17¾.

The 3-year-old colt Tommy Wilton, 2:20½, by Wilton, has done very well this season, having won seven races in straight heats and one second in eight starts. His dam is Roxie McGregor, 2:24½.

Edith H, 2:10¾, by Deucallon, is the fastest trotting mare by the records that has yet produced a 2:30 trotter, she being the dam of Fanny Rice, who recently took a record of 2:24¾ at Nashua, N. H.

A German firm sent some textile goods wrapped in old newspapers to Turkey. The custom house officers noticed the fact and informed the censor, who promptly decreed that the articles had to be unpacked and repacked without the newspapers, and this was done.

LIBELS ON WOMEN.

Next to saving her soul, a woman regards keeping her shape of most importance.

Every woman must spoil something—a man, baby or dog. We have noticed it is rarely a man.

We have noticed that when women refer to another woman as refined looking it will be found that she is very thin.

A woman repents so often that her conscience must have a digestive organ like a stomach that is kept constantly busy.

The woman who mistays her last and looks for it in her purse, among other impossible places, is very like the physician who looks in all sort of impossible places for the cause of a disease. The heart begins to act irregularly and straightway there's an examination of the heart to find what is interfering with it. The liver gives trouble, and is dosed with drugs and pounded with pills to bring to light the cause, and all the time the cause of the trouble is in the stomach.

The intimate connection of the stomach with the heart and the other vital organs, necessarily results in the sympathy of these organs with any derangement or disease of the stomach and the organs of digestion and nutrition.

Thousands have been cured of palpitation, liver trouble, shortness of breath, pain in the side, backache, and numerous other complaints by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This medicine acts directly upon the stomach, the organs of digestion and nutrition and the blood making glands, and the fact that it cures so many forms of disease is the best proof that these diseases originate in the stomach and must be cured through the stomach.

"I had been a great sufferer for several years, and my family doctor said I would not be a living man in two years, but, thank God, I am still living," writes Mr. George W. Trustow, of Lipscomb, Augusta Co., Va. "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is what saved my life. I had heart trouble so bad that I could not lie on my left side without a great deal of pain. I was nearly past work when I commenced your medicine, but I can do about as much work now as any man. I cannot say too much for the benefit I have received."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, the "Bible of the body," is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only, for edition in paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound edition. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
1 ℔ Jute	6½	6¾
Standard	16½	6¾
Burlaps	5	16½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12½	13
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		6
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	6	6¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 15	1 20
New New York, each		1 35
New City, each		1 35
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	7 00
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	18	20
Northern	27	30
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	46	47½
Virginia Meal		47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		1 10
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	11
CHEESE ℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	16	18
Dairy Cream		18
State	14	15
COFFEE ℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	13	16
Rio	8	11
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4 ℔ yard		5½
Yarns ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		70
EGGS—℔ dozen	14	15
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 75	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		3 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	10
" Extra	4 25	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade		3 00
Choice		3 50
Straight	3 75	3 90
First Patent	4 25	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	12½	15
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		50
Oats, from store	38	40
Oats, Rust Proof		45
Cow Peas	60	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green salted		6½
Dry flint	10	12½
Dry salt		10
HAY ℔ 100 lbs		
Clover Hay	85	90
Rice Straw	40	50
Eastern	80	85
Western	80	85
North River	80	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	3½	4
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	6	6½
North Carolina	5	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	15 00
Common mill	5 00	5 50
Fair mill	6 50	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead		35
Barbadoes, in barrels		38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 50d basis	2 80	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	10 00	10 50
Rump		9 50
Prime		9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		1 25
Liverpool	90	95
American	85	90
On 120 ℔ Sacks		60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	6 50
Common	1 00	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	5¾
Standard A	4¾	5
White Extra C		4¾
Extra C, Golden		4¼
C, Yellow		4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	5 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	9 00	10 00
Mill, Prime	7 00	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50	7 00
Common Mill	5 00	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50	5 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	8 50
" Sap	5 00	6 50
5x20 Heart	3 00	3 50
" Sap	2 00	2 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	6 50
" Sap	5 00	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	3½	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	14	15

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—383 bales cotton, 5 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—586 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 97 barrels rosin, 32 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—12 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 72 barrels rosin, 46 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—8 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels rosin, 66 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—1 bale cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 299 barrels rosin, 112 barrels tar.

Steamer Seabright—5 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 25 barrels tar.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—6 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 150 barrels rosin, 45 barrels tar.

Total — Cotton, 951 bales; spirits turpentine, 82 casks; rosin, 643 barrels; tar, 331 barrels.

Kuyler's

COCOA CHOCOLATES.

QUALITY & FLAVOR UNSURPASSED

GROCERS EVERYWHERE

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, JAN. 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 51 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 50½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady at $1.60 per barrel for hard, $2.90 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 41¾@41¾c; rosin quiet at 97½c@$1.10¾; tar steady at $1.10; crude turpentine firm at $1.35@2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	82
Rosin	643
Tar	331
Crude turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year.—68 casks spirits turpentine, 762 bbls rosin, 289 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 13-16 cts ℔ lb
Good ordinary	6 3 16 " "
Low middling	6 13-16 " "
Middling	7¼ " "
Good middling	7½ " "

Same day last year middling 5¾c.

Receipts—951 bales; same day last year, 410.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 85c. Extra prime, 90c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.05. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52¼ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Money on call was steady at 3@4 per cent., last loan at 3 per cent, ruling rate —— cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for demand and at 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484¼ and 487½@488. Commercial bills 483¼@483. Silver certificates 59@60. Bar silver 59¼. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. 2's, reg'd, 102¾; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 109¾; do. coupon, 110½; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 132¾; do. coupon, 133¾; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 114½; do coupon, 114½; U. S. 5's, registered, ex int. 112; do. coupon, 113½; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 106; Southern Railway 5's 106¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 58¾; Chesapeake & Ohio 29⅞; Manhattan L 93¼; New York Central 134½; Reading 17⅝; do. 1st preferred 49¾; St. Paul 116¾; do. preferred 169; Southern Railway 11⅝; do. preferred 53¾; American Tobacco, 88¾; do. preferred 133; People's Gas 103¼; Sugar 116⅞; do. preferred 111; T. C. & Iron 83½; U. S. Leather 17⅜; do. preferred 75¼; Western Union 86¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, January 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 50½c; no sales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels. Prices unchanged.

SAVANNAH, January 16.—Spirits turpentine dull at 51c; sales — casks; receipts 704 casks; exports 12 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,750 barrels; receipts 8,192 barrels; exports 100 barrels. A, B, C, D, $1 30; E, $1 25; F, $1 30; G, $1 40; H, $1 70; I, $1 80; K, $1 90; M, $2 10; N, $2 65, W G, $3 15; W W, $3 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Hesitation in general in cotton circles with the investment public practically refusing to trade on either side caused a dull day in futures. The reluctance of leaders to make a firm stand naturally created a feeling of distrust among investors. The market opened steady with prices unchanged to two points lower and zig-zagged within uninteresting limits all through the session. At no time was trading active, and at no time did any of the various factions show an inclination to take the initiative. Peddling fashion, Liverpool bought for the purpose of closing out old straddles; New Orleans and Wall street purchased the near and sold the late months, and the outside public liquidated in an indifferent way. The cables were rather disappointing, though reflecting no important variations in Liverpool or special change in the situation abroad. The market at the close was steady at a net decline of three and five points.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 7¾c.

Futures market closed steady: January 7.31, February 7.38, March 7.31, April 7.32, May 7.34, June 7.35, July 7.36, August 7.33, September 6.87, October 6.74, November 6.70, December 6.60.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 7¾c; middling gulf 7¾c; sales 530 bales.

Net receipts 737 bales; gross receipts 3,294 bales; exports to the Continent 131,284 bales; stock 120,403 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 23,051 bales; exports to Great Britain 253,286; exports to the Continent 7,170 bales; stock 978,606 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 82,138 bales; exports to Great Britain 26,532 bales; exports to France 8,438 bales; exports to the Continent 29,252 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 4,268,257 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,131,579 bales; exports to France 477,433 bales; exports

For Your Family or Your Horse

Keep on Hand Always **Sloan's Liniment**

It kills germs in a marvelous manner. It is the best antiseptic known and positively cures

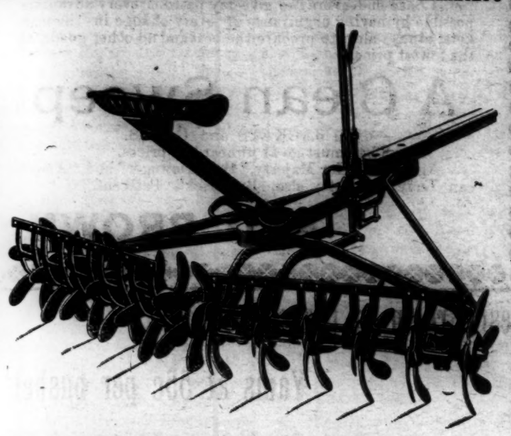
Rheumatism, Cramp and Colic.

Invaluable as a liniment for family use, as well as a horse liniment, and is warranted to be in every way as represented. Can be taken internally or externally, and is warranted to be in every way as represented. *Sold by druggists and dealers generally.*

Family Size bottles, 25 cts. Horse Size bottles, 50 cts. and $1.00.

THE MORGAN PATENT SPADING HARROW.

FOR FALL PLOWING



Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

Especially if the soil be heavy or packed by rains, the Spading Harrow will show its great superiority over all others. For deep and fine cultivation no other Harrow equals it.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 16 tf

The National Bank of Wilmington,

Wilmington, N. C.

JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, PRES.

The National Bank of Wilmington was organized in June, 1894; has paid out $94,000.00 in dividends, and passed $19,000.00 to surplus. Eighth dividend now payable.

Capital and Surplus, $119,000.00.
Total Assets, - - - - 525,000.00.

In addition to the above it is worthy of note that we own $117,300.00 in U. S. and other bonds, which we carry at par—all of which are at a handsome premium.

Your Account Respectfully Solicited. Absolute Safety Assured. Polite and courteous attention extended to our customers.

dec 28 tf

$900 Worth. . .

of Drummers' Millinery Samples on sale at

THE LOT CONSISTS OF **THE BEE HIVE.**

All kinds of Hats, Plumes, Tips, Feathers, Ornaments, Infants' Caps, &c. We Bought them very much below regular value, and we are selling them wonderfully cheap. You are invited to come and look over the lot and make selections. If you look you will buy at **THE BEE HIVE, W. H. GAYLORD, Prop.**

JUST OPENED UP, EVERYTHING NEW.

W. H. GAYLORD'S New Clothing Department is the place to go to get anything that Men or Boys wear. We have just gotten in a fine new line of Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Pants, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, McIntoshes, Umbrellas, &c.

Give us a call. We are at No. 115 South Front street, two doors from The Bee Hive.

W. H. GAYLORD.

nov 10 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. **VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.** DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 5, 1899.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington daily at 3:05 P. M., Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:34 P. M., arriving at Hamlet 6:55 P. M., where connection is made with trains for Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South, Southeast and Southwest. Also with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 7:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:48 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 10:55 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:53 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:53 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For speed, safety and comfort travel by the Seaboard Air Line.

For further information, sleeping car reservations, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C., or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Mang'r.

L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. nov 7 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital, - - - $ 200,000
Net Profits, - - 17,000
Deposits, - - 377,182

Organized March 1st, 1899.

People say this is a good showing, but we are not satisfied, and if we said we were nobody would believe it.

We want more business and must have it.

Careful attention to the wants of customers, large or small.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

ja 18 tf

A SKILLED TRIO.

Call at No. 7 South Front street, where you will find E. W. Guion, Cornelius Davis and Henry Harris, three of the most accomplished Barbers in the city. Send your children to us to have their hair cut. Shave only 10 cents. Boys' haircut 20 cents.

oct 17 tf GUION & DAVIS

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

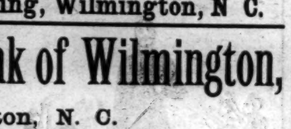
NEW YORK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW .....Saturday, Jan. 13
RICHMOND.....Saturday, Jan. 20

From Wilmington for New York.

RICHMOND.....Saturday, Jan. 13
SAGINAW .....Saturday, Jan. 20

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

RICHMOND.....Tuesday, Jan. 9
SAGINAW.....Tuesday, Jan. 16

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. ja 9 tf

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON N. C.

At the Close of Business Dec. 2nd, 1899, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 858,971.54
Overdrafts		8 79
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,000.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd reserve agt's	$ 70,160.25	
Due from other banks	169,160.99	
Cash on hand	79,331.51	318,652.75
Total		$1,282,633.11

LIABILITIES.

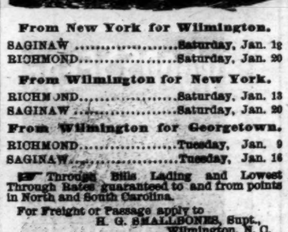
Capital	$	195,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		101,784.40
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	207,693.35	
Deposits from individuals	731,715.16	
Certificates of Deposit	35,000.00	1,024,408.71
Total		$1,282,633.11

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Dec. 2, '97.	Dec. 2, '98.	Dec. 2, '99.
Total deposits	$372,000	$374,500	$1,024,000
Surplus and net profit	79,200	87,500	101,784

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1899. dec 8 tf



"He Dragg'd his Eyebrow Bushes Down, and made A Snowy Penthouse for his Hollow Eyes."

Tennyson's "Father Time" is not the only man of age, or man of youth, who "drags his eyebrow bushes down." We all observe these same dragged eyebrows on faces innumerable. A symptom of eye defect—an indication of glass need. Every symptom means a cause.

We adapt glasses to every defect of vision, and prescribe them in accordance with the teachings of the best authorities on the eye.

DINGELHOEF BROS.,

JEWELLERS & SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS,
ja 14 tf Parlor No. 128 Market Street

ALL, SAVE ONE.

The lady rode in her coach of state
As the air grew chill and the day grew late,
But she felt no longing to turn and go
To her own hearthstone with its royal glow,
For though it was warm and rich and fair
There was never a child to greet her there.

What treasures had she in that princely home!
There were silks from Persia and busts from Rome,
Pictures from Paris and London town,
Books and books, up stairs and down,
Strange, quaint things from the curious east,
But never a child to share the feast.

In the lady's mind was a goodly store
Of wit and learning and culture more.
She had sailed to the east and sailed to the west,
She had seen all the things that are rarest and best,
And many a wondrous tale she knew,
But she had no child to tell them to.

And deep in the lady's heart there lay
Such power of loving and giving, they say,
Such fancy for feeling her warm arms close
Round a slim little form, with cheeks of rose,
Such wealth of love had this lady true,
But never a child to give it to.

Oh, women who fret at the ills of life,
The round of duty, the small, small strife
Of daily living, with children's needs
Drawing you back from prouder deeds—
Think of yourselves bereft and lone,
For love, ambition; for bread, a stone.
—Louise Morgan Sill in Ladies' Home Journal.

Winning of Corinne.

"I be marry now 40 year an have nice leet' family—18, boy an girl. Dat's an onlucky number, you say? Well, I don' know 'bout dat. None dem be die yet, an all do well. De four girl h'all be marry good man, an de nine boy mek h'out for demself. One dem a notaire, 'noder a pries', one be member parliament, 'noder he work h'on de government h'at Quebec, two dem, Jaques an Onisime, kip beeg 'otel h'on Boston, one 'ave got mine at Klondak, an w'en he come for see me las' wintaire he bring hees pocket jus' full dem nugget. Two more 'ave good farm near St. Marie, Beauce, an de younges' he live here wit' me. Dat not so bad luck, I t'ink, m'sieu.

"I be tol' you how I come for marry ma femme? No! My wife be de daughter ol' bonhomme Gingras. He was de mos' reech man on dese part den, wit' beeg farm an mebbe t'ree, four t'ousan' dollar h'in de bank. Hees fille, Corinne, jus' two year younger dan me, an we use' see h'each oder at church an dance an all dem place. I got for lak moch, dat leet' Corrine wit' her black h'eye an red cheek an nice leet' round wais'. P'raps you t'ink dat now, m'sieu, but I tol' you she was de mos' belle girl as you fin' any place h'in de whol' worl'.

"I was smart young man den myse'f, en she come for lak me too. So we 'gree for got marry, but firs', she say, I mus' ask Pere Gingras. I not lak dat part, me. He not h'onderstan' dat jus' for we love h'each oder we mus' be marry. He not t'ink I be reech 'nough for marry hees fille. Well, I go one day for ask him dat I want for marry Corinne. M'sieu, dat ol' Gingras, he jus' dance wit' mad when I spik 'bout dat.

"'W'at's dat? You want for marry ma fille? How you make for keep wife? You ask for my Corinne? I know what you t'ink. You t'ink you got my money w'en I be die. Bapteme! No! You got not'ing. You not marry her.'

"I tol' him dat I spik Corinne already, an she say yes, she marry me, an I say I go for marry her anyway, sure. Wit' dat he h'order me h'out hees maison an say if h'ever he catch me wit' Corinne he have me arres' an fine'.

"'Softly,' I say, 'not so fas'! W'at you not lak me for son-in-law?'

"'You got not'ing,' he say. 'You pauvre jus' take one beggar. Dat's de raison I not lak you.'

"'Bien m'sieu!' I say. 'I got my leet' farm. How moch money I mus' have, too, an you let Corinne marry me?'

"'W'en you have four hund' dollar h'in de bak, I let you have Corinne, an you not mus' come here till dat tam.'

"'Very well,' I say. 'I go got dat four hund' dollar, an I come back den for Corinne.'

"I spik lak I feel sure I mek dat money h'in t'ree, four mont', but I not be feel near so brave as I try to mek h'out. Four hund' dollar! Dat's a lot money for poor habitant to mek. You see, m'sieu, it's lak dis. We grow h'all we want for h'eat, plantee patao an grain. We have t'ree h'on our farm for keep good fire h'in de wintaire tam. Les mountons grow wool for mek warm clothes. No man go 'ungry or col'. We 'grow de tabac Canadien for smoke. Mais, m'sieu, we not be see ver' moch money.

"I t'ink for long tam how I go for mek dat four hund' dollar. S'pose I work ma farm an save h'all I can, it tek me long tam 'fore I be h'able for marry Corrine, an I not feel lak wait for long tam.

"I have cousin h'on Quebec—smart man, same lak steel trap—an I go for see him. I tell him 'bout w'at bonhomme Gingrass say an ask him w'at he t'ink I mus' do. He study for while, an den he jomp h'up.

"'Ma foi,' he say, 'I got de ver' t'ing! I know how you feex dat ol' man. I t'ink I'ear dat dey fin' some gol' not ver' far from your farm.

"'Oui,' I say; 'dey fin some at Pierre Boulanger place, 'bout t'ree mile from me.'

"'Dat's good! Dat's all correc'! I go for veesit your farm h'in 'bout two week. You not let h'on dat you be know me h'at all.'

"He tell me h'all w'at he mek, an in 'bout two week he come an bring 'noder man wit' him. Dey have leet' 'ammer an go hall 'bout my place. Dey chip h'off piece rock here an piece rock dere, but dey have oder piece h'in de pocket dey bring wit' dem. Den dey go h'on de house bonhomme Gingras.

"He's 'ear 'bout dat dey veesit ma farm, an he feel curious for know w'at for dey do dat. He h'invite dem for stay an tek supper h'at hees place, for try fin' h'out. At firs' dey not be tell moch. Dat mek de bonhomme more curious as before. After while dey tell him dey's sure dere be gol' h'on ma farm. Dey tell him dat hin confidance, for he be hones' man. Dey go for try buy h'all de right for mine h'on ma farm. Dey say he mus' not be tol' me dat, an dey buy dem cheap. Den dey show him some dat rock dey be bring wit' dem, an say dat be specimen quartz from ma farm. Dey let him kip one dem piece. He ask how moch dey t'ink h'all dem right be wort'. Dey say dey be wort' moch, but p'raps dey bny de whole t'ing for t'ousan dollar, for I be h'ignorant man an not be know de value.

"W'en dey lef' for home, ol' bonhomme Gingras laugh at dem for fool man. He t'ink he see way for mek some money, an nex' day he start queek for Quebec wit' hees lees' bit quartz. He get dat analyze' an fin' gol' h'in h'it.

"After he get back home he come for see me an want for buy ma farm.

"'Jacques, how moch you tek for your farm?' he say.

"'Bien, M. Gingras!' I say. 'I not be want for sell ma farm. Dat b'long to h'our familee for long tam now.'

"He try an try for I sell, but I know h'all 'bout w'at he mek, an I not sell h'at all. Den he say he t'ink mebbe dere be h'iron h'on ma farm, an he want for buy de right for mine. I say he try for mek me joke an dat I never see h'any h'iron dere. He h'offer me ona hund' den t'ree hund'. I let him go 'head till he h'offer five hund'. Den I say:

"'M'sieu! I tell you w'at I do. You be give me Corinne an 'wo hund' dollar, I let you have h'all dem right. Mebbe,' I say, 'dere be h'iron dere, I don't know, an mebbe dere be gol' mine.'

"He prick h'up hees ear w'en I say dat, an he say he give me one hund' dollar an I tek Corinne. After we talk for while he say he let me marry Corinne an give me one hund' dollar an cow.

"Bonhomme Gingras was h'in beeg hurry dat I marry queeck, for he be 'fraid dem two men come back. Well, m'sieu, I marry my leet' Corrine, an dey's not be come back yet for buy dem right from Pere Gingras."—New York Post.

Gray Hairs Can be Deferred

Premature gray hairs usually are the effects of carelessness. If the scalp is kept free of dandruff and properly nourished and strengthened, gray hairs would be unusual before the age of forty or forty-five. There is no remedy in existence that will restore color to gray hairs; but the

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Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner, if applied according to directions contained in each package, will positively defer gray hairs until nature compels their appearance. There are today thousands of American men and women who have revived the dying energies of their hair through the faithful use of these simple and natural remedies.

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Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of N. J. Burch, deceased, late of New Hanover county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 26th day of December, A. D., 1900, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

T. E. WALLACE,
dec 27 6w we Executor.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tide-water. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Road's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—95 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 35 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residences and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and pinus trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

ja 7

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 14, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M.—No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.16 A. M., Warsaw 11.40 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.48 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.32 P. M., Baltimore 1.53 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.33 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M.—No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.36 P. M., Warsaw 8.58 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.04 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 5.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.06 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M.—No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.—No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.26 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.18 P. M. Sumter 8.27 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 5.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M.—No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M.—No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 P. M., New York 8.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.27 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9 48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.39 P. M., Warsaw 4 21 P. M., Magnolia 4 37 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M.—No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1 46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6 48 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 3.00 P. M., Weldon 8.18 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.55 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.—No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY P. M.—No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 3.15 A. M., Sanford 8.07 P. M., Jacksonville P. M. 6.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.25 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.05 A. M

EAST BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.40 A. M.—No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M. arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.45 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 75, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 5.00 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 05 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.05 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M. Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 5.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.39 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C. daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 10 00 A. M. 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 11.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.39 A. M., 5.33 P. M. Nashville 12.15 A. M., 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.30 P. M

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Train on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M. Chadbourn 11.10 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 5.15 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 6.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.30 P. M. leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.30 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M. arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M. Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.35 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.40 A. M. arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.55 P. M. 10.05 P. M. arrive Selma 2.45 P. M. 11.10 P. M. Smithfield 3.08 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.17 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M. 9.55 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.59 P. M., 10.54 P. M. arrive Wilson 2.50 P. M. 11.51 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.35 A. M., Creston 5.19 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.19 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M., Sumter 6.02 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliott 4.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

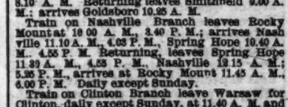
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
ja 16 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.



To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
2 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M. 11 05	A. M.
	4 30	Kinston	10 12	
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 00	7 07	Morehead City	7 22	7 37
P.M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. &

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 17.

S. A. L. INJUNCTION CASE.

Thos. F. Ryan Appeals from Judge Purnell's Decision--Other Raleigh News. Smallpox Quarantine.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 16.—Thomas F. Ryan to day took an appeal from Judge Purnell's decision in the injunction case heard here on December 21 in the United States Circuit Court. The injunction was asked to prevent a meeting of the stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston and the Raleigh and Augusta Railroads, for the purpose of consolidating these roads with the rest of the Seaboard system. Judge Purnell at first granted the injunction on an exparte hearing, but later, on hearing argument from the other side, he dismissed the order and the meeting was held.

There is to-day vacancy in the office of janitor of the Supreme Court building. Wm. A. Westmoreland, Fusion janitor, was yesterday bound in a hundred-dollar bond to keep the peace, on account of threats against a man whom he charged with being a too frequent visitor to his (Westmoreland's) home. Being unable to give the bond, Westmoreland deposited twenty dollars and asked to be released until morning when he would secure the balance. His request was granted, but during the night he left the city.

Fayetteville has quarantined against all infected smallpox districts.

Collector Duncan has just returned from Washington. He says Pritchard still intends to speak at Rockingham and will do so as soon as the quarantine is lifted.

The Tobacco-grower's Convention meets here to-morrow at eleven o'clock. A number of delegates have already arrived.

SHOOTING AFFRAY IN FRANKFORT, KY.

Three Men Killed and a Fourth Man Wounded—Two of the Killed Were Spectators.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FRANKFORT, KY., January 16.—Ex-Congressman David G. Colson shot and killed Ethelbert Scott, Luther Demaree and Charles Julian, and slightly wounded James Golden, in the Capitol hotel.

The killing was a result of a renewal of a feud between Colson and Scott, which grew up between them while in the army last year.

Scott and Demaree died almost instantly. Julian was thought to be only slightly wounded, but died at 1.55 P. M. from shock and loss of blood.

Harry McEweng, of Louisville, was also hit by stray bullets, but not seriously wounded. All but Scott were bystanders and shot by accident.

Colson was shot in the arm, but not seriously hurt. After the shooting he went to the residence of Chief of Police Williams, near by, and gave himself up Later a warrant was sworn out by Clint Fogg, who witnessed the killing. Fogg says Colson shot first.

The killing occurred in the lobby of the Capitol hotel, which was densely packed with people who are here attending the trial of the contests before the Legislature. Persons who were in the hotel when the tragedy occurred, say

Fully Twenty Shots Were Fired.

Scott, who was the first killed, was a nephew of ex Governor Bradley. Demaree was assistant postmaster at Shelbyville and a prominent Republican politician. Julian was one of the wealthiest farmers in this county and belonged to an old Kentucky family. The trouble between Scott and Colson which began in the army last year, resulted in Colson being shot by Scott, and it has been predicted since that one or both would be killed should they meet as they did to-day. Colonel Colson is in a highly nervous state, resulting from excitement attending the tragedy, and as he has never fully recovered from a stroke of paralysis sustained last year, his friends are greatly concerned over his condition.

Accounts Differ.

Accounts of the killing differ and it is impossible to give details further than that while Colson and a party of friends were standing in the southwest corner of the hotel lobby Scott came in the hotel and when near Colson the firing began. Scott, after being shot, walked backward toward the stairway looking to the bar-room and fell down the stairs, dead, as he reached them. His body rolled over against the bar-room door, and as it did, Colonel Colson, who had followed, shooting at every step, fired one or more shots into the prostrate form. Demaree, who was killed in the general fusilade, was shot twice, one ball piercing the heart and the other either penetrated the heart or went directly under it. Those in the immediate Colso party decline to talk about the affair, and while it is generally understood that several others were engaged in the shooting no names are given.

A GEORGIA TRAGEDY.

Cashier Murphy Killed Teller Shutze and Committed Suicide at Columbus.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, GA., Jan. 16.—Captain J. W. Murphy, cashier of the Third National Bank, instantly killed Teller P. T. Shutze this morning and then committed suicide. The bank was filled with customers and the full corps of clerks when the tragedy occurred.

Captain Murphy was a prominent business man, but of recent months has been in ill health and it is believed that he was temporarily insane. He and Shutze had long been the closest of friends.

The evidence before the coroner's jury this afternoon shows that Murphy, presumably insane, placed the pistol close to the temple of Mr. Shutze and fired. He then placed the pistol in his own mouth and fired twice, both balls penetrating his brain.

Captain Murphy was formerly assistant State Treasurer and one of the best known politicians in the State. Mr. Shutze was a member of the aldermanic board of Columbus. Both men leave families.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N.C. †

PHILIPPINE DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

A Notable Speech in Opposition to the Administration by Senator Vest.

NEGROES PRESENT PETITION.

Asking for Legislation to Prevent Lynching of Colored Men--House Proceedings—Urgent Deficiency Bill—Gage's Transactions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The Senate is still in the throes of discussion of the Philippine question, and apparently there is no near approach to a deliverance upon the subject. Mr. Vest, Missouri, to-day voiced the opinion of many Senators when he said that such discussion as was now in progress was of no consequence, as the country was confronted by a state of affairs that could not be changed by talk.

Senator Pettigrew's resolution of inquiry and Senator Lodge's substitute for it were laid on the table to-day and Senator Hoar's general resolution of inquiry as to the facts of the Philippine war was taken up. An effort of Senator Pettigrew to amend it so as to call for the President's instructions to the Paris peace commissioners led to a prolonged debate, with final rejection.

The debate for the day was concluded by Senator Vest, who made a notable speech in opposition to the assumption in some quarters that every man who does not agree with the policy of the administration is a traitor to his country.

Senator Cullom, Illinois, presented a petition, handsomely bound and signed by 3200 colored persons, asking for such legislation as will protect colored men of this country from the "barbarous practice of lynching and burning colored men."

Senator Hoar, chairman of the judiciary committee, said he believed every Senator would be glad to have such measures adopted as would suppress this wrong doing and enable the officials to enforce the laws. No Senator, he thought, would disagree to that. He directed attention to the fact that the State laws take cognizance of the crimes referred to in the petition. By what constitutional method the United States could take action in this question was a difficult inquiry.

Senator Chandler, chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, said there was no Federal law under which the violator of even the suffrage laws could be punished.

Senator Spooner, Wisconsin—There is such Federal legislation.

Senator Chandler—There is not now such legislation. Congress has no constitutional power to punish such crimes.

Senator Cullom thought that inasmuch as it involved new legislation the petition should go to the Committee on Judiciary. "This subject," Senator Cullom said, "seems to call for investigation. These people realise they are being badly treated. Such treatment is without authority of law, and it ought to be stopped, if possible."

Senator Tillman, South Carolina—What is the immediate cause of this petition. Does it come from Chicago?

Senator Cullom replied that the petition came from Chicago, but that it was signed by people of many States.

Senator Spooner called attention to sections of the Revised Statutes which provided penalties for violations of Federal election laws.

Senator Chandler said he stood corrected.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Another Philippine Resolution.

Senator Wellington, Maryland, introduced a joint resolution declaring the purpose of the United States towards the Philippine islands and gave notice that he would address the Senate on the resolution next Thursday.

Senator Pettigrew offered a resolution calling upon the Secretary of War for an itemized statement of the expenses of our occupation of Cuba since the close of the war, the salaries of all officials, the amount of customs dues received and all other matters pertaining to the expenditure of money by the United States on the island. He asked for its immediate consideration, but Senator Chandler, New Hampshire, objected and the resolution went over until to morrow.

The Pettigrew resolution as to the conduct of the Filipino war was laid before the Senate. Senator Lodge moved that the resolution and the one which he had offered as a substitute for it be laid on the table in order that that offered by his colleague, Senator Hoar, might be considered. The motion was agreed to.

The Hoar Resolution.

The Hoar resolution, with an amendment offered by Senator Lodge, to which Senator Hoar had agreed, was submitted. It was about to be passed, when Senator Pettigrew offered an amendment calling for information as to all the instructions which the President had given the commissioners who had negotiated the treaty at Paris, together with the correspondence that had passed between the President and the commissioners.

Senator Davis, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, and of the commissioners, made the point of order against the amendment that it was executive business.

President pro tem. Frye, who was himself one of the commissioners, overruled the point because he said it was within the discretion of the President whether he should send the information or not.

Senator Vest's Speech.

The debate on the resolution was concluded by an earnest but brief speech by Senator Vest, Democrat, of Missouri. He regarded it as very unfortunate that nothing could be said by the opponents of the administration's policy in the Philippines without calling forth an imputation of improper motives.

"The friends of the President," said Senator Vest—"and I am not his enemy — assume that any remarks made about the Paris treaty or its negotiation, is an attack upon the administration. This is an unwarranted assumption. It seems to have been forgotten that the leading administration journals of the country stated when the treaty was under consideration that the commissoners had been instructed to take the island of Luzon.

"It seems to me that there should be no objection to the laying of the whole matter before the people, if, as the Senator from Minnesota, (Senator Davis) says, he has no objection to such a course.

"On his Western tour, the President said the whole archipelago had fallen like a ripe apple into our lap, and we were bound to meet our new duties as they were presented to us. Were we to leave them, or were we, as the junior Senator from Indiana (Senator Beveridge) so eloquently told us the other day, trustees under God to hold them as a part of our mission to regenerate the earth?"

"What is the position of the President?" inquired Senator Vest. "He directed the peace commission to take one island—Luzon—and afterwards abandoned that policy. He has since said that the acquisition of the islands was an act of Providence—that we could not leave them as derelicts. The fact is, this whole question is in a nebulous and foggy condition.

"I disclaim now any intention that my remarks should reflect upon my country. But I deny the right of any man to muzzle me and restrain my right to express my opinion in my own way. We have the bubonic plague added to leprosy in Hawaii; we have starvation in Puerto Rico; we have unrest and disquiet in Cuba; and we have a war of indefinite length in the Philippines. Is it treason to say this?

"When the Paris treaty was ratified here every man who voted for it knew then that he voted for a war; for there had been a battle with Aguinaldo the Saturday preceding. Every Senator knew then, as he knows now, that we were paying $20,000,000 for a war in the archipelago, the end of which might come in a month and might not come in ten years.

"I simply put before the Senate and the country this proposition:

"Are we to remain silent, refraining even from ordinary criticism as to the conduct of the war, for fear that we are to be denounced as allies of Aguinaldo, and opposed to the authority of our own country?

"I am very sure that what I have said will be misconstrued, because it seems to be the policy in certain quarters to brand every man who does not give his unqualified assent to all that is done in this Philippine war as unworthy the confidence of the people."

Currency Bill Discussed.

The currency bill was taken up and Senator McLaurin, Democrat, South Carolina, discussed his amendment. He advocated the repeal of the law placing a tax on State bank circulation and permission to State banks to issue circulating notes. He maintained that the increase of the banking facilities would not help the South and West if provided according to the provisions of the pending bill. He would have each State regulate its own domestic currency, both in volume and kind.

At 2.45 the Senate went into executive session and at 4.55 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The Urgent Deficiency Appropriation bill was taken up in the House to-day. It was the general expectation that it would open up a stormy debate upon the question of expansion in view of the large army and navy items it contains, but the members became very much engrossed in a discussion of an item of $150,000 for rural free delivery, in which all are personally interested, and the subject of expansion was barely touched upon. The last hour of the debate was enlivened with an attack by Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, upon the Secretary of the Treasury and his course in connection with the sale of New York custom house.

Mr. Ball, Texas, first introduced in the debate the question of expansion. He vigorously assailed the recent speech of Senator Beveridge of Indiana.

Mr. Davis, Florida, said he deplored the spirit of expansion which had taken possession of a portion of the people. Yet not for all the world would he withhold from our soldiers all the moral and material support they needed. If the war taxes were necessary to support them, he said, let the measure stand. Mr. Davis was applauded by the Republicans.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, briefly reviewed the appropriations for the military establishment, showing that in time of peace the appropriations for it with the deficiency provided in this bill reached $121,000,000. He then proceeded to criticise the transactions of Secretary Gage in the matter of the sale of the New York custom house to the National City Bank of New York. It had been charged, said Mr. Richardson, that the Secretary of the Treasury had violated the law and was subject to impeachment.

Mr. Hopkins' reply to Mr. Richardson was brief. The report of the Secretary of the Treasury, he said, not only met frankly and honestly every charge and exonerated him from every insinuation, but it showed business capacity that must receive the intelligent approval of the people of the United States. [Democratic jeers.]

This closed the incident, and after some minor discussion the House adjourned.

FIRE IN DAWSON CITY.

Part of Business Section Destroyed--Loss Over Half a Million Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEATTLE, WASH., January 16.—The steamer Danube, of Victoria, from Skagaway, brings news that a large part of the business section of Dawson was wiped out by fire on the night of Wednesday last. A dispatch was received at Skagaway on the same night. The loss will exceed half a million dollars. There are no names of the buildings or losses. The Skagaway operator says that great suffering would undoubtedly follow the fire, as the temperature at Dawson was forty degrees below zero, with the wind blowing. The city is without the regulation water supply.

RALEIGH'S HOSPITALITY.

Members of the General Assembly to Be Guests of the Citizens.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, January 16.—It was decided to-night at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to invite the members of the General Assembly, when they meet here next June in adjourned session, to be the guests of the people of the city.

No means are provided by law for the payment of any per diem to the members of that body.

THE SAMOAN TREATY.

It Was Ratified by the Senate in Executive Session Without Division.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The Senate to-day ratified the Samoan treaty without division. The ratification occurred in executive session and after two hours of debate, which was participated in by a number of Senators, principally in behalf of the treaty by Messrs. Davis, Foraker and Spooner, and in opposition by Senators Bacon, Money and Tillman.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

NO CHANGE IN THE SITUATION.

Boers Believed to Be Contesting Gen. Buller's Passage at Tugela River.

HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRING.

Rumor That a Portion of the British Force Is Near Ladysmith—No Official Advices—Mafeking Is Still Holding Out.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 17, 4.15 A. M.—Even rumors are no longer telegraphed from Natal. The military experts therefore conclude that no decisive blow has been struck either way.

The War Office announced early that nothing would be given out to-night.

The South African concilation committee, quietly formed to represent the peace minority, announces itself to the country to-day and asks for support. Among the members are many notable persons.

LONDON, January 17.—Dispatches from Pietermaritzburg to both the *Times* and the *Daily Mail* report very heavy artillery firing in the direction of Springfield and Frere Monday. The *Mail* says the Boers probably are contesting General Buller's passage of the Tugela river. Howitzers are evidently very busy. The Exchange Telegraph Company's dispatch from the same place and date says it probably means General Buller is engaging the enemy and that a rumor is current that a portion of the British force is near Ladysmith.

A *Times* dispatch says: The Delagoa Bay correspondent of the *Natal Times* asserts that six big Crusot guns and fifty tons of shells were landed from the French steamer Gironde about the middle of last month under the noses of two British warships, and were dispatched to Pretoria, causing much rejoicing at the ease with which contraband of war can run the blockade.

The Swazi Queen Mother, since the death of King Bunu, has killed all the chiefs who were ever in England or Cape Town, and is now plotting with the Boers. The situation may fairly be considered grave, and it would be well to send regiments of Gurkhas to Swaziland immediately.

On Modder River.

MODDER RIVER, January 16.—There was a brisk exchange of shells this morning, the Boers returning our fire for the first time in several days.

The British entrenchments are being continually strengthened and extended. The permanent railway bridge is almost completed. Heavy rains have fallen in the hills recently and the fords of Reit river are all impassable.

It is reported that it will be necessary to relay the rails over almost the entire distance from Modder river to Kimberley, the Boers having used the rails and sleepers in building their fortifications.

No Confidence in Methuen.

LONDON, January 16.—Evidence accumulates that General Methuen's blunder at Magersfontein has lost him the confidence of his entire force to such an extent that it is declared it is doubtful if the troops would follow him in another attack on the Boers. The War Office is understood to be in possession of a letter written by General Wauchope the night before the battle, saying that it would be the last letter he would ever write, as he had been asked to perform an impossible task, and had either to obey orders or surrender his sword. An immediate change in the command of the force may therefore be expected. It is anticipated in some quarters that Lieutenant General Tucker will succeed General Methuen.

Mafeking Still Holds Out.

LONDON, January 17.—The *Times'* correspondent at Lorenzo Marques, telegraphing Monday, says that six days ago Mafeking was holding out as pluckily as ever. There was then no likelihood of capitulation.

British Repulse a Boer Attack.

RENNESBURG, CAPE COLONY, January 15.—The Boers this morning attempted to rush a hill held by a company of the Yorkshires and New Zealanders, but they were repulsed at the point of the bayonet. The Boers had twenty-one killed and about fifty wounded. The hill commands a tract of country east of the main position of the Boers. They advanced cautiously, directing their fire at a small wall held by the Yorkshires, and compelling the latter to keep close under cover. When the Boers rushed the wall the Yorkshires fixed bayonets and charged. Just at that moment Captain Maddocks, with a small party of New Zealanders, came up and the combined force leaped over the wall and charged straight for the enemy, who fled, followed by a withering fire at close range. The Boers literally tumbled over each other in their hurry to escape, but the persistent fire of the British inflicted a heavy loss.

Desultory firing continued for some time, but the attack was an utter failure, and the Boers retreated to the shelter of the small kopjes at the base of the hill.

Boer Report From Ladysmith.

PRETORIA, January 13.—As a result of the bombardment of Mafeking yesterday, the British fort at Eastward was demolished and the British retired. One Boer was wounded.

Advices from the head laager at Ladysmith report that the attack on that place January 6th was disastrous to the British and that Ladysmith appears to be in sore straits.

A British Account.

LADYSMITH, January 8, (by messenger to Weenen, January 16)—A representative of the Associated Press visited Saturday's battlefield this morning and saw large numbers of Boer dead. The British guns seem to have worked great havoc. One Boer was completely disembowelled, another had his head shot off and a couple of others were killed by the same shell, evidently while eating their luncheon, as half eaten hard boiled eggs lay beside them. Some Natal Dutchmen were recognized among the dead.

A number of Boer bodies and carcasses of horses have been washed down Intombi Spruit, which became a raging torrent during a heavy thunder storm. The British while digging graves were fired on by Boer artillery and several of them were hit. Soft-nosed bullets and dum-dum cartridges have been found on wounded prisoners. Volunteers carried the Boer dead off the hill and handed the bodies over to their comrades at the bottom. Over ninety were thus carried off Wagon hill alone.

Editor's Awful Plight.

F. M. Higgins, editor of the Seneca (Ill.) *News*, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth, and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

SENATOR MORGAN'S REPLY.

To the Resolution of Thanks of the Democratic Executive Committee of Mecklenburg County.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 16.—Senator Morgan, of Alabama, has replied to the resolution recently passed by the Democratic Executive Committee of Mecklenburg county, thanking him for his speech against Senator Pritchard's resolution in the United States Senate, declaring the proposed amendment to the North Carolina Constitution unconstitutional.

Senator Morgan writes in part as follows:

"The veneration in which we all true Americans hold the 'birth-place of American independence,' and the honor that belongs to the race of men who first declared our independence, impress me with the most sincere gratitude for your approval of my effort to restore to them the great heritage bequeathed to them by their fathers.

"It is not becoming in the descendants of such men to voluntarily submit their political destiny to the condition of equality with the negro race, and there is no legal compulsion that requires of them such dangerous and depraving humiliation.

"The people of the United States at the polls will again declare your liberty and your equality with your own ancestors, and will relieve you of the insulting stigma that you are only the political or social equals of the negro race.

"The Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence would never have been made if your fathers had supposed that it would have been so perverted and abused as to reduce their posterity to political or social equality with the negro race."

THE WRECKED STEAMER.

Believed to Be the Heligoland, of the Dutch-America Petroleum Co.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., January 16.—Everything goes to show that the wrecked steamer is the Heligoland, the property of the Dutch-American Petroleum Co. Among a number of flags picked up this evening near Holy Road was one with the colors blue, white and red with the letter "R" in the centre. This is the house flag of that company. Taken with the finding of the boat off Cape Pine and other finds, it seems to leave no doubt as to the identity of the vessel. A life buoy was also picked up with the name of the steamer painted on it, but the lettering was partly illegible from water and fire.

WARM WIRELETS.

A cotton mill company, with a capital of $75,000, was organized at Selma, N. C., yesterday.

A dispatch from Manila says General Wheeler will return to the United States this week, making a stop at Guam on his way.

The President yesterday appointed the following postmasters: North Carolina—R. M. Norment, Lumberton; R. P. Caldwell, Newton. South Carolina—C. I. Pride, Rock Hill.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says that a church collapsed during the progress of a mass in Malooujene township, Sumara district, and nineteen persons were killed and sixty-eight were injured.

The Senate Committee on Interoceanic canals has agreed unanmously to report a bill for the construction of the Nicaragua canal. The bill is practically identical with that reported favorably by the House committee.

The board of rapid transit commissioners of New York has awarded the contract for building the underground railway in New York city to J. B. McDonald, of 100 Broadway, one of the two bidders. His price was $35,000,000.

A negro named Anderson Gause was found hanging to a limb of a tree near Henning, Tenn. It is supposed he was lynched for aiding in the escape of the Ginerly brothers, colored, who recently murdered two officers near Ripley, Tenn.

The city of Richmond, Va., was surprised yesterday by the announcement that Mr. T. F. Taylor, the trusted deputy clerk of Henrico county, had been arrested on the charge of embezzling delinquent taxes. The amount is put at about $1,000.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy of Florida, will meet in annual convention at Jacksonville today. Mrs. Jefferson Davis will arrive there this week, but Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, who was expected to attend the convention, has been prevented by illness.

Secretary Gage has approved a comprehensive set of regulations, prepared under the supervision of Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, for the prevention of the introduction of the bubonic plague into the United States and its dependencies.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS:
WE WISH YOU A
Happy New Year
and solicit your orders for
Groceries
to help us to the same.
Yours, truly,
D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.
ja 9 tf

DRIED APPLES.
3000 pounds Dried Apples.
1500 pounds Dried Peaches.
28 Picnic Cheese.
250 bags E. R. Potatoes (en route.)
110 bags Ohio Potatoes (en route.)
100 boxes Toilet Soap.
125 boxes Borax Soap.
50 boxes Boss Soap.
50 boxes Woodchuck Soap.
25 barrels Glue.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.
ja 14 tf

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS
Have been the best investment I have made in bus ness. Selling nothing but well made goods from the best factories, I have had to sell close to meet the prices of shoddy stuff, and sometimes have lost a sale; but I am now reaping my reward, and can justly claim, "once a customer always a customer."
Values are up, but on many lines I anticipated the advance by buying largely. That my customers get the benefit of my foresight you can ascertain by comparing prices.
N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
ja 14 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cents per word each insertion; but no advertisements taken for less than 10 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Steamer Croatan will leave her wharf this morning at 10 o'clock for points on Black River, having completed all repairs. T. H. Hawkins, agents. ja 17 1t

Please Call—We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Tinware, etc. John J. Kelly, 21 Market street. ja 16 6m

Dr. D. W. Bullock has removed his office to rooms 16, 17 and 18, Masonic Temple. Office hours as heretofore. ja 10 3t

Seventeen Photographs for 25c. We are prepared to give you 17 tintypes Photographs for 25c. Call and see our samples. They are displayed upstairs in the studio. This work is for a limited time, of course, and you had better come at once. Call at the STAR Studio, 118 Market street. ja 12 tf

Dr. H. H. P. Clark, Surgeon Dentist, Solicits the patronage of the people of Wilmington. Parlor, 105 Princess street, second floor. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 2 to 5 P. M. ja 7 1m

For Sale—Fine Turpentine location, with complete outfit of Teams, Wagons, still, etc., on W., C. & A. R. R. Removal from State cause of sale. J. C. Powell, Peacocks, N. C. ja 5 1t

Photographic Novelties—The new and beautiful original Medallion Portraits in water colors, Carbonet and Sepia. The Velvety Colorau Panels. Plain and hand painted Buttons and Brooches. Flash lights of all gather ngs; also, interiors, copying and enlarging a specialty. Fine up-to-date Carbonet Photographs our leaders. Come and see specimens. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. ja 3 tf

Moved? Yes! 221 North Fourth street, corner Grace. Grace and Mulberry are the same—only "Grace, 'tis a charming sound," is a better name for a street, you know. That's the place. Want your Piano tuned? John G. Bessell, 221 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 196. dec 31 tf

Notice—Don't fail to examine my stock of Holiday Goods, Oranges, Apples, Malaga Grapes, Nuts, Cocoa Nuts, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, and a nice line of Fancy Candy. Prices are right if given a chance. A. S. Winstead. dec 10 tf

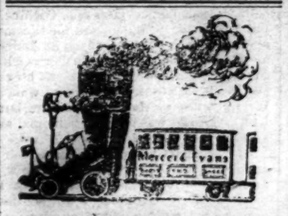
A Fair Show—Ship Pork, Beef—dressed and live—Poultry, Eggs, Peanuts, Potatoes, and everything in the Produce line to H. B. Moore for good prices and prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. no 19 tf

Fresh Ground Graham and Rye Flour Seed Rye, Wheat and all kinds mixed Feed for horses and cattle. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. 'Phone 93. no 15 tf.

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 12 Market street. oct 3 tf

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

Why not call on Marshall & Jones for your Blacksmith and Wheelwright work, Electrical Bell work and Plumbing at their General Repair Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets? Bell 'Phone 474, Inter-State 197 call 4. Competent workmen in every department. sep 24 tf



Fresh shipments of W. L. Douglass SHOES for men and boys.
And they are growing more famous every day.
Also, for Ladies' and Misses' wear, the Duttenhofer and "Jenness Miller."
They are making new friends every day.
Get in the RUSH if you want a pair for Xmas or New Year's.
MERCER & EVANS.
Steps east from corner Front, steps west from corner Second. dec 19 tf

FOR THE NEW YEAR
We will offer to the trade at the Lowest Prices,
Selected brands of Flour, Water Ground Meal, Soap, Sugar, Starch,
and other Standard Groceries, including
Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes.
Thanking our customers for their past favors, we shall by satisfactorily supplying their wants, endeavor to merit their continued support.
RICE STRAW.
WILLIAMS BROS.,
dec 31 tf 16 and 18 North Water street.

The Particular Man
Is always careful where he buys his furnishings. He goes to a reliable house. If you haven't succeeded in finding a reliable furnisher, come to us. We can give you satisfaction.
VONGLAHN & GIBSON,
MEN'S WEAR DEPOT.
No. 120 Market St.
ja 7 tf

1 Mule,
1 Horse,
3 Road Wagons.
1,000 bbls Flour.
50,000 lbs Hoop Iron.
100 bbls Mullets.
Corn, Meat, Meal, Grits,
and any thing else in the Grocery line that one could wish for will be found at
D. L. GORE CO,
ja 16 tf 130-134 North Water street.

Special for Saturday
at Warren's Steam Bakery.
OYSTERS—Stews, Raws and Frys.
PORTER HOUSE STEAK—Served in five minutes.
Call and see.
WARREN'S CAFE,
Opposite Masonic Temple.
ja 13 tf

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 tf

Great Sale of Embroideries.
This week will mark the greatest Sale of Embroideries
—that ever occurred in this city. They are here in profusion. All the NEWEST IMPORTATIONS. Hamburg, Swiss and Nainsook Edges, Insertions, Bands and All Over. Aplique Bands and All Overs to match. ALL OVER LACE. They are the products of ST. GAEL and LYONS, having been purchased before the sharp advance in prices.
During the past 30 years of mercantile life in Wilmington, I have endeavored to give my patrons every advantage possible by having cognizance of every change in the markets; always alert to procure the best and no other goods, at the lowest prices.
A Clean Sweep
—of all JACKETS and CAPES.
They must go at unheard of prices.
Agent for "Her Majesty," the "Dowsger" and "American Lady" Corsets; also, Butterick's Patterns.
A. D. BROWN.
ja 9 tf

Best Broom in the city for 25c.
Yams at 55c per bushel.
J. B. & J. C. KING.
ja 18 tf

A DANGEROUS Hypnotist

People think a man is fascinating sometimes when the real secret of his influence is good taste in dress and being well dressed at all times There is nothing that lends that air of Swelldom and distinguished appearance to a man as a Suit of Clothing made and fitted perfectly by an Artist Tailor. That is the secret of our success. We are Artists in our trade.
One or two good Coat-makers can secure steady employment by calling on
M. H. CURRAN,
ja 7 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

PREPARE
for cold weather by buying your
Coal and Wood NOW.
Wilson Heater Wood always on hand.
JAMES H. TAYLOR, Agent.
Bell 'Phone 84. ja 9 tf

Cold Cash Talks.
It simply shows you how cheap you can buy goods when you come with the hard cash.
White Homespun 2½c, Checked Homespun 3½c, Calico 4c, Outing 5, 6 and 10c; Heavy Cheviot 7 and 8c; Nice Dress Goods in Plaids 29c—worth 35c; Pretty Worsted in colors at 10, 12½ and 15c; Fruit of the Loom Bleaching at 8c; Andrew Scoggin Bleaching at 7c, and other brands at 4 and 5c.
Pants Cloth, good quality, at 12½, 15, 20 and 35c; Boys' Pants, age from 4 to 15 years, at 25, 40 and 50c; Boys' Suits from $1.00, $1.50 to $2.00; a Nice Boys' Suit, age 15 years, $1.50. Men's Suits from $3.50 to $12.50; Men's Overcoats from $2.48 to $5.00.
NOTIONS.
Picture Frames, cabinet size, 23c. Picture Wire 25 yards and not 25 feet for 10c roll. Shoe Polish in all colors at 5c per bottle. Pocket Knives at 10c; Table Knives and Forks 35c a set. Shoes of every kind and style from 50c a pair to $4 00. Rubber Boots at the latest prices. Call on us and save 25 per cent. of your hard-earned cash.
C. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,
Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.
J. R. BOYD, General Manager.
Bell 'Phone 267. ja 14 tf

WOOD'S SEEDS
PRIZE MEDAL WOODS TESTED SEEDS
THE LARGEST SEED HOUSE IN THE SOUTH
Wood's Seeds are largely used in every Southern State and have achieved the highest reputation for quality, productiveness and adaptability to our Southern soil and climate.
THE NEW CENTURY ISSUE OF WOOD'S DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE is fully abreast of the times, and gives the fullest information about all
Seeds For Southern Planting.
It should be in the hands of all who plant seeds, and we will mail it free upon receipt of postal request.
T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen,
RICHMOND, - VIRGINIA.
ja 5,6 t su we W 4t

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE,
For One Week.
Beginning Monday, January 15th.
THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,
No. 9 North Front St.
Our competitors are always cutting at us about our week of Special Sales. It doesn't hurt us and you get the benefit.
Our Terms will be Cash. ja 14 tf

Welcome the New Year
with feasting and good cheer. If you intend receiving New Year's calls you will want to lay on your table the choicest that the market affords in all the relishes, Tinned and Potted Meats, Fish, Pickles, Cheese and Dressed Poultry, which we have furnished especially for the holiday season.
THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager.
'Phone 397. Fourth Street Bridge.
dec 28 tf

We wish one and all A Happy and Prosperous New Year
WE THANK YOU for your liberal patronage, and hope to merit a continuance.
We will make January prices
On anything in the Furniture line 25 per cent. Cheaper than it can be bought for 3 months hence. See us and be convinced.
THE SNEED-FULLER COMPANY,
ja 9 tf Second and Market Streets.